

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES.

THIRTEENTH YEAR

GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JULY 23d, 1915.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

1-3 OFF ANY STRAW HAT

Eckert's Store,
"ON THE SQUARE"

PHOTOPLAY

"PREJUDICE"

Scandalized by the behavior of their young minister, who seeks to attract the young people to the church, the narrow minded members of the congregation register a protest, the outcome of which contains a very strong moral. With TOM MOORE and MARGUERITE COURTOT.

THE TWENTY MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY

"A raid on the Madhouse"

Zulora is held captive in an asylum but rescued by Baird. This episode is full of action of the melodramatic order.

JUST RETRIBUTION.....LUBIN
WITH ORMI HAWLEY AND EARL METCALFE.

TOMORROW—CRANE WILBUR AND MARY CHARLESTON.

SHOW STARTS 6:30. ADMISSION 5 CENTS

THREE SHOWS 6.30-8.00 and 9.30 p.m.	WALTER'S THEATRE	ADULTS 10c CHILDREN 5c
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The House Of Quality Photo Plays

JOHN EMERSON
IN

"THE BACHELOR'S ROMANCE"

John Emerson, the popular character actor, who won national popularity as an able film artist in his first appearance in motion pictures, in the Famous Players Film Company's production, "The Conspiracy," returns to the screen in a four-part film adaptation of Martha Morton's celebrated play, "The Bachelor's Romance". In this delightful, sentimental comedy-drama John Emerson portrays the role of David Holmes, a lovable and eccentric bachelor, who runs at the sight of a woman, only to be tripped head over heels in a violent love affair with his young and pretty ward, Sylvia, who secretly loves him. Unaware of their reciprocal affection and believing that they love in vain, each is heart-broken and miserable, until, in a very unexpected and dramatic climax, both the bachelor and the girl learn for the first time of their mutual love.

PARAMOUNT TRAVEL SERIES NO. 6.

REGULAR \$2.50

French Ivory Alarm Clocks
to be sold for

(while the supply lasts)

\$1.59.

People's :- Drug :- Store

Corrugated Galvanized Culvert Pipe

For Sale at

Bigham's Hardware Store
BIGLERVILLE

TYPE "A" —FOR FORDS
THE BETHLEHEM 5 POINT SPARK PLUG
GUARANTEED FOR THE LIFE OF THE CAR
THE QUALITY PLUG.

EBERHART'S AUTO SUPPLY STORE
Eagle Hotel Bldg

WAIT NOW FOR NEW STREETS

No Use for Borough to Build Water Courses when New Roads are Likely to be Constructed here within Short Time.

With the prospect of paved streets in view, the highway committee of the town council has decided to delay the construction of the "water tables" on Baltimore street where concrete curbing has been laid. If the paving proposition becomes a reality this will not be necessary, the new road-way finishing out the work without the water course being constructed by borough or property owners.

It is stated now that the prospect of getting the State to pay one-half the cost of construction of the new streets is better than at any other time. The request for this help was made on Wednesday, with every indication that it would be granted at an early date, and the necessary preliminaries will at once be carried out. Public service companies having mains on Baltimore and Chambersburg streets will take up the matter of seeing that their lines are all right so that there will be no need for many years to come to disturb the paving for this purpose.

The action of the highway committee of the town council in pushing along the work of building concrete curbs about town is acting as a stimulus to the laying of better pavements all over the borough. All of Baltimore street to the Cyclopedia Building is to be curbed, and on the squares where it has been completed more than half of the old pavements have been replaced with new concrete sidewalks. Liberty and Hanover streets have been given the curbs this year while work has now been started on Breckenridge street with the same rebuilding or relaying of old pavements in prospect.

The main thoroughfares are accordingly getting sidewalks that are a credit to the town and removing one of the causes for complaint from visitors. With a start on the street paving proposition another serious clamor will be hushed.

CHAUTAUQUA CLOSES

Will Canvass Town to Get Remaining Ticket Pledges.

With the famous play, "The Man from Home", delightfully produced by the Avon Players, Gettysburg's 1915 Chautauqua came to a close at 11:15 Thursday night. The tent was quickly taken down and with all the paraphernalia, loaded on a car which left at 5:55 this morning for Bellefonte.

The closing evening was a full one with a prelude by the Granville-Hines company, a story and a reading by several of the young people connected with the Chautauqua, the lecture by ex-Governor Folk and the play. Mr. Folk was late in arriving and the unannounced numbers were used to fill in the time. His subject was "Soldiers of Peace."

Dr. C. F. Sanders has given this statement for publication:

"Several engagements take me out of town for a week. I trust everybody now understands that the return of Chautauqua is a matter for the people to decide. I have tabulated all the data bearing on this matter and place a copy of my file at Eckert's Store where anyone interested in bringing the ticket pledge list to a successful conclusion may consult it.

"We have pledges for five hundred and seventy eight tickets. We need one hundred and seventy two more. We have twenty six guarantors. This number should be increased to one hundred. The guarantors will endeavor to secure additional pledges and guarantors. They will appreciate the assistance of anyone who has the cause at heart. Pledge blanks can be had at Eckert's Store, and, when signed, they can be left in charge of Mr. Eckert. If you want Chautauqua, get busy."

THE Methodist church, of Hunters-town, will hold a festival on Saturday evening, July 24th, in the Presbyterian Grove. Music will be furnished by Rev. McKinney and family. All are invited.—advertisement 1

BASKETS: new styles and shapes in Japanese, Indian and sweet grass, J. S. Ziegler, 35 Chambersburg street.—advertisement 1

TO DEMONSTRATE OUR ORCHARDS

Railroad Men, Newspaper Representatives and Others to be Taken through County Orchards. Association's New Idea.

With the view of demonstrating the size of the present peach and apple crops in Adams County, the Fruit Growers Association will have as their guests on an automobile trip through the orchards next Tuesday afternoon representatives of the Gettysburg and Harrisburg Railroad, the Philadelphia and Reading, the Harrisburg and Gettysburg newspapers, and the Associated Press.

The purpose in making this demonstration of the productiveness of the local orchards, the size of this year's crops, and the extent of the fruit planting in Adams County, is to convince the railroad men of the need for proper sidings and suitable rolling stock for the future; and to boost Adams County's fruit generally.

The tour will start from Goodyear upon the arrival of the afternoon train from Harrisburg and it is the intention to visit all the large orchards which regularly ship their fruit over the Reading, the trip going through the fruit belt in the vicinity of Bendersville, Arendtsville, Biglerville and almost to Cashtown.

E. D. Hillary and R. J. Stackhouse will represent the Reading Railroad, and G. C. Shenton the Gettysburg and Harrisburg. Mr. Goldman, Harrisburg representative of the Associated Press, will be with the party, together with other newspaper men.

YORK SPRINGS

York Springs—Mrs. A. A. Foreman and son, of Baltimore, are the guests of J. R. Sadler.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Wyckoff, of Raritan, N. J., were recent guests of York Springs friends.

Mrs. Sarah Gardner and daughter, Miss Mae, are spending the week with Register and Recorder C. W. Gardner, of Gettysburg.

Orpheus LaRue, of Waynesboro, is the guest of his parents for the week. Charles G. Hershey, of Pittsburgh, is the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Hershey.

E. M. Wolfe, who conducts the York Springs creamery, has been on the sick list for about a week. He is able to be out again.

Mrs. Theodore Ray, of Midland, Texas, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Gardner, Jr.

John F. Speelman, of Philadelphia, is the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Speelman.

Q. W. Hershey, of Pittsburgh, is the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Hershey.

Mrs. John J. Hursh and son, John, of Newville, spent the week-end with G. P. Emmert and family.

Walter B. Dick, of Dillsburg, accompanied by his aunt, Miss Lottie Dick, left for the West Thursday. Miss Dick will visit her aunt, Mrs. John Kuhn, at Denver, while Mr. Dick will proceed to the Pacific Coast to attend the San Francisco and San Diego Expositions, visiting the Yosemite Valley, the Grand Canyon and other interesting places en route.

Reynolds Fair has returned to York Springs after spending several months working on a farm in Iowa.

MANY APPLICANTS

G. F. Berkmeier will Fill Vacancy in East Berlin School.

At a special meeting of the East Berlin school board, G. F. Berkmeier, of York, and a graduate from Millersville, was elected teacher of the High School to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of J. W. Bucher. Salary, \$75. There were twelve applicants.

The schools of Mount Pleasant township have elected the following teachers for the coming year: Sweet Home, Lewis Bubb, White Hall, John Rudisill; Valley, Bernard Wagonman; Brush Run, Miss Johns; Kohler's, Paul Foulk; Mount Superior, Miss Minnie Orndorff; Kilpatrick, Ray Epley; and Mount Vernon, George Epley.

TWO furnished rooms for rent in Stallsmith building.—advertisement 1

Aug. 12-14—Convention. State Society for Advancement of the Deaf.

EXPECT MANY NEW STUDENTS

Enrollment at Gettysburg College this Year will, it is Believed, Surpass that of Any Previous Term. Outlook is Very Bright.

That the number of incoming students at Gettysburg College this fall will exceed that of September 1914, when all former records were surpassed, is the indication now. The list of prospective new students is longer than in any preceding year, every room in the three dormitories has at least one occupant and many are filled, so that an exceptional enrollment is anticipated.

In view of the graduation in June of no less than sixty Seniors this is regarded with no little satisfaction. There will be the usual percentage of boys who will not return, either through failure to pass their examinations, through going to other schools, or because they wish to enter some line of business. But, taking into account these losses, the enrollment will go beyond that of any other year, if present indications are to be taken as a safe method of estimate.

The buildings at the college are undergoing their usual summer cleaning and will be put in first class condition for the opening of college in the fall. At the Preparatory grounds the main building is being given a thorough coating of white, changing the building from the cream color which it has held for several years. This, with the additions to be made to it, will contribute to make it conform to the colonial style of architecture which is to mark all the new buildings.

Work is going along rapidly on the new residence being erected by Dr. G. D. Stahley on Prep Campus; and George C. Baum, architect for the new Preparatory Department building was in town this week in connection with the plans for that structure on which work will be started at the earliest possible moment.

WRECK AT LITTLESTOWN

Trains Held up when Three Cars Leave Track.

A switch lever springing out of the hands of a brakeman on the morning freight was responsible for three cars leaving the track at Littlestown, about 10 o'clock. The accident occurred at the east end of the yard while the crew was making a flying shift. The front truck of the first car left the main track while the rear truck, as well as three other trucks, left the rail on the side track. Both trucks were torn up and badly bent. The accident happened shortly before the arrival of the morning passenger train from Frederick, and this, as well as other trains, were held up until about 2 o'clock in the afternoon when the tracks were cleared and straightened by the wrecking crew from York. No one was injured through the accident.

BLIND MAN INJURED

Hurt in Fall Down Flight of Steps.

Frank Wolf, a blind resident of Fountain Dale, while huckstering on the mountain, had the misfortune of falling down a very long flight of steps. Mr. Wolf escaped with no broken bones, but was very badly bruised and shaken up.

Lulu, the 11 year old daughter of A. A. Tresler, had the misfortune of falling off a fence, breaking an arm between the wrist and elbow.

DOUBLE HEADER

Will Play Two Games with Martinsburg Nine.

A double bill will be given local fans on Saturday afternoon when Martinsburg will be the visiting attraction. The first game is due to be started at 2:30. Umpire McAtee is here for the series, and will likely be assisted by Derr, the new arbiter who is now being given a try out.

FESTIVAL: Lutheran Mite Society, Fairfield, July 24.—advertisement 1

100 trimmed hats, half price and less. Smith's Hat Shop, Chambersburg street.—advertisement 1

QUICK RESPONSE FOR NEW EXHIBIT

Business Men and Hotels Come Forward with Gifts in Order to Give Gettysburg a Poultry Show this Coming Winter.

The prompt response which has greeted the gentlemen having in charge the solicitation of funds for the Gettysburg Poultry Show, December 7-10, indicates that the town is ready to welcome the innovation and that the event is likely to be assured.

The list of subscriptions was begun with six \$10 pledges by as many private individuals and business houses. Several more of these donations will be necessary in order to give the matter the start required. A number of pledges of \$5 and \$6 each have been given by town stores, and this number also will be augmented by additions during the next few days.

A total of \$300 will be required to meet the preliminary expenses and provide for the advance work, as well as to provide a working fund. With the large subscriptions to start on it is believed that this amount can be reached. According to the present outlook about \$150 or \$200 will be received in the larger gifts and the balance will then be sought in sums of \$1.00, \$2.00 and \$2.50. The smaller business places will be asked to contribute as well as the larger ones, all being requested to give in proportion to the amount of business done.

In the event that the financial end of the show is cared for properly, the work of advertising it will not be delayed, but judges will be selected, the classes mapped out, and the entry blanks and premium lists forwarded to poultry raisers in this and adjoining counties, who have entered their birds at the shows in Biglerville as well as to others interested.

It is expected that the single admissions, which have numbered in the thousands at the Biglerville shows, will provide a large revenue here, while a State appropriation is relied upon to furnish some of the necessary funds to meet the expenses which, of necessity, are quite heavy.

LARGE CONTRIBUTIONS

Orphanage Anniversary a Success in Every Way.

Receipts amounting to \$540 were taken in at the anniversary exercises at the Hoffman Orphanage near Littlestown on Thursday when a crowd estimated at 2000 by Rev. J. Stewart Hartman, the superintendent, gathered at the institution. They were from Pennsylvania, Maryland, and West Virginia.

The visitors found the home in beautiful condition, the large farm paying all the running expenses of the institution, and a company of happy children there.

The exercises included an address by Rev. W. F. More, superintendent of the Bethany Orphans' Home at Womelsdorf, and the giving of the "Star Spangled Banner" in pantomime by the children. A collection of \$185 was lifted, while a large proportion of the large audience was fed by members of the Reformed congregations of Hanover, Littlestown and Christ Church. A refreshment stand was conducted by the Gettysburg congregation and a bazaar contributed to make the financial end of the day a substantial success.

The receipts from the refreshment stands were \$130, and from the dining rooms \$125. The bazaar yielded a net income of \$75, while \$25 was received from other sources.

TWICE ARRESTED

Men, well Known here, Figure in York Court.

Merville Bowers, of Taneytown, who narrowly escaped a jail sentence on Thursday in York by paying a fine of \$6, was again arrested a few hours after he was given his freedom. He and his brother got into a fight Wednesday night and were arrested.

As Merville had very little money on his person, which was not a sufficient amount to pay his fine, his brother paid the fines for both. His experience of the night before not being enough to satisfy him, Merville again started on another drinking bout, which terminated in his arrest shortly after.

WANTED to rent: small house. Apply Times office.—advertisement 1

ATTACKED ON A COUNTRY BRIDGE

Woman Beats off Assailant, Evidently after her Money. Help Com's at Opportune Moment and Offender is Jailed.

With robbery as his evident motive Thomas Little, of Emmitsburg, attacked Miss Mary Barry, aged 45 years, in a bridge near that place. He was put to flight by a farmer who happened along.

Little was arrested later by Constable Hahn, of Emmitsburg, who was deputized for the purpose, given a hearing before Magistrate Shuff at Emmitsburg, and lodged in the Frederick county jail in default of \$1,000 bail for the action of the September grand jury.

The alleged assault occurred late in the afternoon on the bridge about one-half mile from Emmitsburg.

Miss Barry was so badly bruised following her encounter, that she was obliged to get medical attention, for one of her arms which was bruised when she fell to the bridge floor during the encounter. When first attacked by Little, Miss Barry put up a hard fight, using an umbrella she carried, to fight off her assailant. However, she stumbled and fell to the bridge, injuring her arm. In rushing at her, Little fell over Miss Barry, who rose from the bridge floor and began fighting her assailant again.

By this time Harry Baxter, living near Emmitsburg, approached the bridge in a team and seeing the fight, hurried to the scene. Little became frightened at the approach of Baxter and ran away, only to be caught later. Miss Barry had been in Emmitsburg and was returning to her home when she was attacked by Little. Miss Barry had a small amount of money with her at the time.

The only excuse Little gave for his act on Thursday at the hearing was that he had been drinking.

STARNERS

Starners—A young son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Kuntz met with a serious accident when one of Mr. Kuntz's mules ran away, throwing the boy off. The lad's leg and several ribs were broken, and his head was badly hurt.

Mrs. Harry Moyer and three children, of Harrisburg; and Mrs. N. C. Deatrick, of Cranberry; spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Deatrick's sister, Mrs. Priscilla Starn. Mrs. Moyer and children are spending the rest of the week with friends and relatives here.

The threshing machine made its first appearance in this part of the country Wednesday.

Melvin Myers has the cellar excavated and is ready for the masons for his new house.

Mervin Beamer started to cut oats on Wednesday.

Charles Slusser and wife spent Sunday at Brushtown. Mr. Slusser's sister, Mrs. Eli Miller, is ill.

Norman Starn has a new forelady in his shirt factory, Miss Mae Cauffman, of Liverpool.

SEES THE FUTURE

Nearby Prophet Tells of Dire Things to Happen.

Lee J. Spangler, York prophet, predicts that Russia will fall, Great Britain will be knocked down and that Germany will also crumble. Spangler's prophecies for many years have interested local people.

He says that eventually the soldiers will fight against themselves because of the great suffering and loss, and that ultimately America will subdue all nations, as she, too, will be drawn into the maelstrom of war which is now devastating the countries across the water.

He says this nation may be the great pacifier to straighten out the turmoil of the contending nations, and that Russia, Germany and Great Britain will eventually pull themselves together and form themselves into a republic. He says that even the churches will get to fighting among themselves, and that the labor troubles will cause anxiety.

COMING EVENTS

Happenings Scheduled for Gettysburg during Next Few Weeks.

Aug. 11—St. Francis Xavier Picnic. Round Top.

Aug. 16—Welsh Brothers Circus. Fire Co. Benefit.

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES

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Times and News Publishing Company

W. LAVERE HAFER,
Secretary and Treasurer.

PHILIP R. BIKLE,
President.

PHILIP R. BIKLE, Editor.

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BELL PHONE UNITED PHONE
Office in Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pennsylvania.

Want ads. One cent per word each insertion. Two cents a word if guaranteed first page position. Resolutions of respect, poetry and memorials one cent per word.

TO OUR READERS

The Gettysburg Times takes absolutely no part in politics, being neutral on all such matters. Anything that appears in our general news columns, concerning state or national politics, is furnished us by The American Press Association, a concern which gives the same news to Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, or Socialist papers and which is strictly non-partisan. Our advertising columns are open to all candidates of all parties.

REDUCTION

On Cotton Fly Nets

Work and driving nets are marked just

20 PER CENT OFF Regular Prices

Look at the price tag on the net you select and pay us one-fifth less. Good Standard nets, every one of them, but this has been a poor fly season and they are scheduled to move.

Adams County Hardware Co.

ROMAN

AUTO COMPANY, INC.

Used Autos Lowest Prices

Biggest Stock

Absolute Satisfaction

1000 Cars, \$150 up

Fords, Touring & Roadsters, \$150 up

Cadillacs and Buicks, 200 up

E. M. F. and Studebakers, 175 up

Hudsons and Buicks, 225 up

Chalmers and Overland, 250 up

Wintons and Packards, 300 up

Havens & Peerless, 350 up

Geo. & Packards, 300 up

Pullman & Stutz, 300 up

Timney Busses & Trucks, 200 up

WRITE TODAY

For catalog no. 63, giving price on every auto made, together with road instructions and valuable information.

Roman Auto Co., Inc.

203-205 N. Broad St., Philadelphia

Medical Advertising

FRECKLES

Don't Hide Them With a Veil; Remove Them With The Othine Prescription.

This prescription for the removal of freckles was written by a prominent physician and is usually so successful in removing freckles and giving a clear, beautiful complexion that it is sold by druggists under guarantee to refund the money if it fails.

Don't hide your freckles under a veil; get an ounce of othine and remove them. Even the first few applications should show a wonderful improvement, some of the lighter freckles vanishing entirely.

Be sure to ask the druggist for the double strength othine; it is this that is sold on the money-back guarantee.

Ladies Wanted:

at Biglerville and Gardner's

Canning Factories for quartering Apples at 5c. per bucket.

Inquire about our Cooperative boarding plan in good homes at \$2.00 a week.

MUSSELMAN CANNING CO.

NO TRESPASSING

All persons are warned not to trespass on the premises of the undersigned, for the purpose of taking game in any manner; or for fishing, or in any way, injuring or destroying property. All persons violating the laws of the Commonwealth with regard to trespassing on lands of the undersigned will be dealt with under the provision of the Act of April 14, 1905.

J. J. REDDING, Cumberland Twp. R. 3 Gettysburg.

PAUL S. REAVER, Freedom Twp. R. 3 Gettysburg.

I will be in Gettysburg at Pea Myer's

Jewelry store every TUESDAY

to examine eyes and fit glasses.

W. H. DINKLE,

Graduate of Optics

RUSSIANS MAKE STAND IN FORTS

Teutons Drive Back Slavs to Ivangorod.

ARE BATTLING DESPERATELY

The Czar's Forces Withdraw and Engage Germans Thirteen Miles From Polish Capital.

London, July 23.—Rolling back the Russians in front of Ivangorod, the Austro-Germanic forces, under the leadership of Field Marshal von Mackensen, are investing the fortress of Ivangorod, the last obstacle to the sweep of the Teutonic allies from the south on Warsaw.

This great enveloping movement has beaten back all opposition, and reports from Berlin tell of the retreat of the Russian forces in that section.

With the Austro-Germans in that theater of war hurling back the forces of Grand Duke Nicholas, the vast army under von Hindenburg now is reported but nineteen miles west of the outer works of Warsaw, the goal the hero of the Mazurian Lakes has been striving to reach since the start of the war.

Reports from Berlin tell of the retreat of the czar's forces in that section of the battle front and they are preparing to make a stand on the Vistula.

To the north of Warsaw the invaders are checked by the heavy guns of the great fortress of Novo Georgievsk, twenty miles from the capital. Russia contends that the Germans have halted on the Narew river, unable to gain under the withering fire.

On the important front south of Lublin a serious breach, in which would mean the cutting of the Lublin-Chelm railway line and a division of the Russian armies to the north and south, the Russian resistance seems to be strongest. The Petrograd statement claims the Teutonic offensive has been arrested there.

Counter attacks have driven the Germans back along the line of the river Narew to the north of Warsaw, the Russians declare. They assert also that their lines on the left bank of the Vistula to the southeast of the city are holding.

In the Baltic provinces the German advance is progressing, with their outposts barely twenty miles from Riga, their immediate objective.

The tone of dispatches from Petrograd bespeaks plainly that the country is aware of the gravity of the military situation, involving not only the fate of the Polish capital, but the integrity of the Russian army in Poland, the northern and southern sections of which might be cut in twain by a decisive defeat along the Lublin-Chelm railway.

It is along this sector that the Russians are now fighting most desperately, for this railway is the sole great artery of communication of Poland with southern Russia, sweeping away from Lublin and Chelm toward Odessa.

Having several times been reported within five miles of the railroad, and now, according to Austrian claims, having pierced the Russian front, this section of the Teutonic forces should be within rifle shot of the railway, but no claim has been made of having seized it.

Desperate fighting, although upon a smaller scale, is in progress on the Bukovina frontier, the Russians making vigorous attempts to break the northeastern front. An attack on the night of the 20th northeast of Czernowitz, delivered under cover of darkness and in a heavy rain, lasted five hours before the Russians were repulsed with very heavy casualties. The cannonading in this battle was plainly heard at Czernowitz.

RUSSIANS LOSE 15,000 GUNS

Berlin News Agency Says Most Have Been Taken by Teutons.

Berlin, July 23.—The Overseas News agency gave out the following: "According to a newspaper dispatch from Russian headquarters, which was passed by the censor, the Russian armies have lost 15,000 machine guns, the greater part captured by the Germans and Austrians and others ruined by the technical incapacity of the men. The Russian government has prohibited the mailing of official casualty lists of officers to foreign countries."

Russians Burned Windau.

Berlin, July 23.—The Russians burned the Baltic port of Windau before evacuating it, according to reports received from Libau. They applied the torch to the harbor works and various buildings in the city. The greater part of the town is said to have been destroyed.

"Honor Convict" in Prison.

Atlanta, Ga., July 23.—David Isaacson, sentenced to a year and a day in the penitentiary here by the New York federal courts, made his journey to his prison without guards, and has arrived here.

200 African Mechanics For England.

Johannesburg, July 23.—Two hundred skilled mechanics will sail for England early next month to work in factories producing war munitions.

When You Have Married a Wife.

When you have married a wife, you would think you were got upon a hill-top, and might begin to go down by an easy slope. But you have only ended courting to begin marriage. Failing in love and winning love are often

EASTERN WAR THEATER.

German Lines Rapidly Closing Around Warsaw.



RUSHING GERMANS WEST FOR "SURPRISE"

45,000 Fresh Troops Already Sent to Belgium.

The Hague, July 23.—Long military trains are passing through Aix-la-Chapelle (on the German frontier near Belgium), where it is estimated that 45,000 fresh German troops have gone to the Yser front.

It is reported from Berlin that the authorities there are planning a huge surprise which is expected to close the war triumphantly for Germany. Untrained men up to the age of forty-three have been called to the colors throughout the kaiser's dominions.

The electrification of the wire fences along the Holland-Belgian border has caused many deaths. The current in the fence running from the Scheidt to the coast of the North Sea, near the village of Fede, is generated at a sugar refinery near Zeaete.

Using Aerial Torpedoes.

London, July 23.—The struggle around Souchez, which seems to be maintaining its violence, is now marked by the use of aerial torpedoes, first mentioned officially in the report of the French war office. The bulletin does not state which side is employing the missiles.

A dispatch to the London Daily Chronicle from Zurich says travelers arriving there from lower Alsace report that Monday's French air raid there did great damage to military works.

Several bombs were exploded on a crowded troop train entering Colmar from Strassburg, with frightful results. The goods depot also caught fire, but the flames soon were mastered. Satisfaction was expressed by civilians at the fact that the airmen refrained from bombarding the town itself.

TURKS FIGHT CHRISTIANS

Residents of Asia Minor Town Refuse to Go into Interior.

Paris, July 23.—A Havas dispatch from Athens says: "Turkish military authorities, according to advices received from Yulia (a port in Smyrna, on the Gulf of Smyrna) have ordered all Christian women and children to leave the town and go into the interior."

"Many of the residents refused to obey the order and a fierce struggle followed, in which many were victims."

"The Greek government has received from the Porte no reply to representations regarding the persecution of Greeks in Turkish territory. The delay is attributed to the difficulties of communication by telegraph. Some of the newspapers are urging the government to assume an energetic policy in dealing with Turkey."

Ties Feet; Drowns in Ditch.

Paulsboro, N. J., July 23.—Zacharias Richards, seventy years old, a farmer, committed suicide by drowning himself in a ditch. Worry over the failure of some of the crops is believed to be the cause why he wished to die. He leaves a widow and two sons. Richards tied his feet together and lay down in water not over a foot deep.

Convict Stabbed in Row.

Milledgeville, Ga., July 23.—Another stabbing affray occurred at the state convict farm when Charles Miller, sentenced from Atlanta for burglary, was severely slashed across the abdomen by Frank Reid, of Columbus, serving a life term for murder. Miller's wound is not dangerous. The men quarreled over a personal matter.

Turks Deny Intention to Sue For Peace.

The Hague, July 23.—The Turkish legation issued a formal denial of the report that Turkey desires to make a separate peace with the Entente allies.

difficult tasks to overbearing and rebellious spirits; but to keep in love is also a business of some importance, to which a man and wife must bring kindness and good will.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

NEW U. S. NOTE ON WAY TO BERLIN

It May Lead to Break With Germany.

FINAL WARNING TO KAISER

The Demand For Disavowal of the Lusitania Attack and Reparation Is Renewed.

Washington, July 23.—The new American note to Germany is on its way to Berlin. It cleared from Washington over the telegraph wires during the night, and is being flashed over the cables to London, and thence to Copenhagen, where it goes over land wires again to the German foreign office.

Secretary of State Lansing announced that the text of the note will be given out this evening.

Concerning the future conduct of German submarines, the note does not necessarily call for an answer, as it announces the intention of the United States to reg.) any further violation of international law resulting in the loss of American lives as unfriendly.

On the other hand, the American demands for disavowal of any intention to sink the Lusitania and the request for reparation are renewed in the new note, and very likely those, with other points, such as the willingness of the United States to act as an intermediary between the belligerents to adjust rules of maritime warfare probably will be the basis for further discussion by Germany.

An answer is not expected for at least two or three weeks on those phases. It is generally agreed among officials, however, that any loss of American lives in the meantime would in itself raise the question of action, irrespective of any formal reply from Germany.

The American note is in the nature of a final statement on the principles involved, in which the United States takes the unalterable position that the accepted rules of international law must govern the rights of neutrals irrespective of retaliatory measures of the belligerents against one another.

RENEW WAR THREAT ON U. S.

Attacks in Press of Germany Against America Resappear.

Lugano, Switzerland, July 23.—The violent attacks on the United States in the government inspired German press, which had died down, have reappeared again with renewed violence. The semi-official Rheinische Westfälische Zeitung, the organ of the coal and iron magnates of the Rhine province, says:

"The possibility of war with America recently has been discussed in German political circles, and this has produced a calming effect on the presumptuous threats of the United States. We certainly did not seek a quarrel with America, but if the American government protects with its buckler England in search of defenders, and if it threatens to oppose our means of attack, our honor forces us to strike at this buckler with our mace of steel."

"Our submarines are sending ship after ship to the bottom, until the English are tired of such a struggle. We know our submarine warfare can have a very different consequence if we want to push it to its furthest limits. When the day comes for us to decide to push the submarine war to the extreme, neither London nor Washington will try longer to impose conditions on us by diplomatic notes."

THREATENED MR. WILSON

Austrian Accused of Demanding Indemnity of President For Detention.

New York, July 23.—Rudolph Malik, an Austrian salesman, was placed on trial in the federal court on the charge of having written a letter to President Wilson, demanding an indemnity of \$200, because of Malik's enforced detention in the United States and threatening to commit "a political crime" if the money was not forthcoming.

A second indictment charges that in a threatening post card mailed to the consul general of Austria-Hungary, Malik threatened to shoot everybody in the consul's office.

The government claims this is the "political crime" to which he referred. Malik denied writing the letter and the postcard.

Wilson Commutes Sentence.

Washington, July 23.—President Wilson commuted, to expire Nov. 9 next, the five-year sentence imposed on John R. Osborne, of the First National bank, of Clarksville, Tenn., on March 10, 1914, for misapplication of funds.

Deny Warships Were Afire.

Washington, July 23.—Admiral Usher, commander of the Brooklyn navy yard, informed Secretary of the Navy Daniels that there was no foundation for the report that fire was discovered on either the battleship New York or the destroyer Warrington at that yard.

French Ingenuity.

A hollow wooden ball, six feet in diameter, which is moved by the flow of the sewage, is used to remove obstructions from sewers in Paris.

POPE BENEDICT XV.

Castle in Spain Has Been Offered to Pontiff.



ITALIANS WINNING BIG ISONZO BATTLE

Capture Important Positions and See Final Victory.

London, July 23.—The battle on the Isonzo front is nearing its end with complete victory in sight for the Italians, according to advices received at Lugos, Switzerland.

During the last two days and nights of continuous fighting the Italians have occupied important positions dominating Montefalcone, Gorizia, Montebelluna, and Monte Sabotz.

According to a dispatch to the Geneva Tribune from Villach, the Italians have pierced the Austrian front on the Isonzo at three points, Tolmino, St. Lucas and St. Avre. They continue to progress in Val Sugana.

The provisioning of Gorizia is becoming a serious problem, as the Italian artillery dominates the line north of the town. Previously four trains arrived daily. Now there is only one, which comes in at night.

The Italians are consolidating the position they won on the Carso plateau.

The Austrian losses since July 13 along the Isonzo have been 8000, of whom 1100 are prisoners. On the Carso front 1800 prisoners have been taken and in the Carnic Alps 2300.

With the aid of aeroplanes the Italians located several Austrian batteries near Rovereto and succeeded in destroying them.

U. S. EXPORTS LEAP

Explosives Show Immense Increase Over Last Year.

Washington, July 23.—Large increases in exports of explosives, iron and steel manufactures, automobiles, leather, cotton and woolen goods, chemicals and all classes of metal goods and in foodstuffs are shown by detailed department of commerce statistics for May.

Exports of explosives over May 1914, increased \$5,500,000. The total for last May aggregated \$9,800,000. Exports of explosives for eleven months in 1914 aggregated approximately \$6,000,000, while for eleven months of the fiscal year 1915 the total exceeds \$30,000,000.

STOLE \$3920 IN NICKELS

Clerk in N. Y. Sub-Treasury Accused of Substituting Pennies.

New York, July 23.—William B. Tanner, chief paymaster of the mineral division of the United States sub-treasury in Wall street, was arrested at Bradley Beach, N. J., on a charge of having stolen \$3920 in nickels from the vaults.

Tanner's peculations began, it is thought, only about three months ago, when it is alleged he began to substitute pennies for nickels in the \$200 bags.

Mind a Blank; Stole Horse.

Lancaster, Pa., July 23.—Milton Graybill, a farmer of New Providence township, surrendered to Alderman Doebler, having heard he was wanted on the charge of stealing the horse of Ralph Gilvin, a neighbor. Graybill declared his mind had been a blank since last Friday and he did not know that he had taken the horse and traded it in Lancaster.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 a. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather.
Atlantic City....	68	Clear.
Boston.....	64	Cloudy.
Buffalo.....	68	Clear.
Chicago.....	68	Clear.
New Orleans....	84	Clear.
New York.....	66	Clear.
Philadelphia....	70	Rain.
St. Louis.....	68	P. Cloudy.
Washington....	82	Clear.

The Weather.

Probably fair today and tomorrow; moderate temperature; light, variable winds.

FOR RENT: seven room house on York street. Apply C. H. Wilson.—advertisement

PERSONAL NOTES AND BRIEF ITEMS

Paragraphs of News Telling of the Happenings in and about Town People Visiting Here and Those Sojourning Elsewhere.

Miss Lily Dougherty, of West High street, and Roy Dougherty, of Reading left this afternoon for San Francisco and the Exposition.

Mrs. William Shields, of Chambersburg street, is spending several days with friends in York.

Mrs. C. Milton Wolf, of Carlisle street, is spending ten days in Philadelphia and Atlantic City.

Mrs. W. H. Schmitt, of East Middle street, has gone to New Oxford where she will visit friends for several days.

Mrs. George Sachs, of Harrisburg, is spending several days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Melchior Sachs, Chambersburg street.

Mrs. A. H. Deatrick, Mrs. A. Straus and Mrs. L. N. Lightner are spending the day at Pen Mar.

Misses Hope and Klosta Lennon have returned to their home in Philadelphia after a short visit with Mr. and Mrs. Simon Frommeyer, near town.

Mrs. T. J. O'Reilly and Miss Mary Sowers, of York street, are spending the day with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Brubaker, Biglerville.

Mrs. S. F. Lehman, of New York, and Miss Jennie Halvorsen, of New Haven, are spending some time at the home of Dr. and Mrs. W. A. Granville.

H. P. Thorn, of Martinsburg, with a party of friends motored here to-day to see the base ball game.

Misses Myrtle F. Haines and Margaret L. Keedy, of Rohrerstown, Md., former parishioners of Rev. Wm. R. Glen, are visiting at the parsonage on West High street.

Mrs. Cox and Miss Elizabeth Cox have returned from a ten days' trip to Worthington.

Miss Mary Ramer, of Baltimore street, went to Camp Hill to-day to join a camping party along the Conodoguinet for ten days.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar A. Crouse and daughter, of Broadway, left by automobile this morning for a week's trip to Cape May and Asbury Park.

Miss Sallie Krauth and Miss Julia Gilbert, of Baltimore street, are visiting friends at Devont.

Miss Rachel Scott and Miss Rosa Scott have gone to Chautauqua Lake, New York, to enter the Summer School.

Mrs. Charles Lentz and daughter, Lindora, of Harrisburg, and Mrs. Alfred Smith and two children, of York are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Redding and family, on Route 4.

Mrs. A. V. Scott is visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. L. Stackhouse, in Easton.

Miss Helen Jacobus, of Millbrook, New York, and Miss Florence Fester-son, of Brooklyn, are visiting Miss Virginia Beard at her home on North Washington street.

Miss Katharine Mumper is visiting friends in Harrisburg for several days.

Miss Ruth Fickes, of Hanover, is visiting Miss Kathryn Deardorff at her home on West Middle street.

E. B. Slonaker, a traveling salesman from Philadelphia, is spending some time with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Slonaker at Fairfield and with his brother, I. C. Slonaker, at Orrtanna.

For Mending Graniteware.

Graniteware is difficult to mend, but several methods have been found. Shellac varnish poured over the places in graniteware, and the vessel held over the fire to thoroughly harden the shellac, will greatly lengthen the uses of the leaky dish. Another way to mend small holes in tinware, graniteware, etc., is to place the vessel to be mended

ONE GAME FROM FOURTH POSITION

Gettysburg Has its Chance to Rise within a Few Days. Chambersburg and Hagerstown Fall Backward in League Race.

By taking Thursday's game from Chambersburg 5 to 2, the Patriots crept up to within one half game of the Maroons, and just one game of Hagerstown. If Martinsburg can be successfully handled, while Hanover is trouncing the Franklin Countians, Gettysburg will be out of last place at the end of the week, and if Hagerstown loses to Frederick, fourth place in sight.

Martinsburg is going strong, however, and is making possibly the best showing of any team in the league at this time. Their percentage of victories is mounting rapidly and, with a good pitching staff, and a team that can both bat and field, will give Gettysburg a busy time of it.

Greenwell pitched for Gettysburg in Thursday's game and was master of the situation at all times. The visitors scored in the third on Snyder's three bagger and Dunn's hit. Their other run came in the fourth when Clay hit safely and was safe on second when McMillan dropped the throw from Klein's bunt, a trick that the short stop repeated later in the game. Both runners were advanced a base on Moseley's sacrifice, and Clay scored when Masterson hit a slow one to Bigler. Things looked bad but Steinbach fled out, and Stewart was an easy out.

Gettysburg tallied a pair of runs in the third. Bigler got a pass, stole second and took third on Moseley's error that put Deal safe on first. Bigler scored on Mahaffie's sacrifice fly, and Deal tallied on a passed ball. In the fourth, passes to McMillan and Swartz and a hit by Plank filled the bases with one out, but Greenwell forced McMillan at home, and Bigler fled out to left, ending the inning, and it was not until the fifth that further scoring came. Mahaffie and Basehor got clean singles then and Herril scored them with a hit to right. The last tally came in the sixth when Swartz got a hit, went to second on a passed ball and scored on Mahaffie's hit.

GETTYSBURG

	A	B	R	H	O	A	E
Bigler, 3 b.....	4	1	1	0	0		
Deal, 1b.....	5	1	1	5	0		
Mahaffie, c.....	4	1	2	3	1	0	
Basehor, cf.....	4	1	1	4	0		
Ferrell, H.....	4	0	2	1	0	0	
McMillan, ss.....	3	0	0	3	5	2	
Plank, rf.....	4	0	1	0	0	0	
Swartz, 2b.....	2	1	1	0	5	0	
Greenwell, p.....	2	0	0	0	3	0	
	32	5	9	27	14	2	

CHAMBERSBURG

	A	B	R	H	O	A	E
Snyder, cf.....	5	1	1	2	0		
Dunn, 2b.....	4	0	1	1	4	0	
Snively, 1b.....	5	0	1	10	0		
Clay, rf.....	4	1	1	0	0	0	
Klein, H.....	4	0	0	2	0	0	
Moseley, ss.....	3	0	2	0	3	1	
Masterson, 3b.....	3	0	0	4	0	0	
Steinbach, c.....	4	0	1	8	1	0	
Stewart, p.....	4	0	0	1	1	0	
	36	2	7	24	13	1	

Gettysburg 0 0 2 2 1 0 0 x—5
Chambersburg 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0—2

Three base hits—Snyder, Dunn; stolen bases—Bigler, Deal, Masterson; passed balls—Steinbach, (2); left on bases—Gettysburg, 10; Chambersburg, 9; bases on balls—off Greenwell, 2; off Stewart, 6; earned runs—Chambersburg, 1; Gettysburg, 2; struck out—by Greenwell, 3; by Stewart, 4; sacrifice hits—Moseley, Greenwell; time of game—1:40; umpire—Cleary.

Frederick 3, Hagerstown 0
Hagerstown, July 22—To-day's game went only five innings on account of a rain storm, but that was enough for Frederick to triumph over the Blues 3 to 0.

Martinsburg 6, Hanover 3
Hanover, July 22—The Hornets again tallied five errors to-day and Sherman lost his game to Martinsburg 6 to 3.

To-Day's Games
Martinsburg at Gettysburg
Chambersburg at Hanover
Hagerstown at Frederick

	W	L	P	C
Frederick.....	34	14	709	
Martinsburg.....	26	20	565	
Hanover.....	25	24	516	
Hagerstown.....	20	28	417	
Chambersburg.....	19	28	404	
Gettysburg.....	18	28	391	

To-Morrow's Games
Martinsburg at Gettysburg
Chambersburg at Hanover
Hagerstown at Frederick

FOR RENT: six room house all conveniences. Apply 234 Chambersburg street—advertisement 1

BASE BALL SCORES

Following is the Result of Games Played Yesterday.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Chicago, 3; New York, 1 (1st game). Batteries—Scott, Schalk; Shawkey, Sweeney.
Chicago, 4; New York, 1 (2d game). Batteries—Faber, Mayer; Caldwell, Nuhmacker.
At St. Louis—Boston, 7; St. Louis, 3. Batteries—Foster, Mays, Wood, Thomas, Cady; Lauderhill, James, Sisler, Agnew, Leary, Severoid.
At Detroit—Washington, rain.
At Cleveland—Cleveland not scheduled.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	P.	C.
Boston.....	54	29	651	N.York. 42 43 494
Chicago.....	55	33	625	St.Louis 33 51 393
Detroit.....	52	32	619	Athletic 30 53 361
Washin.....	42	42	500	Cleveland 29 54 349

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Cincinnati, 6; Philadelphia, 1 (1st game). Batteries—Schneider, Clark; Mayer, Tincup, Kilmer.
Philadelphia, 3; Cincinnati, 1 (2d game). Batteries—Demaree, Burns; Schneider, Lear, McKenney, Clark.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 1; St. Louis, 0 (1st game). Batteries—Smith, McCarty; Sallee, Snyder.
St. Louis, 11; Brooklyn, 1 (2d game). Batteries—Perdue, Snyder; Roche, Coombs, Appleton, Miller.
At Boston—Boston, 4; Chicago, 3. Batteries—Rudolph, Ragon, Hughes, Gowdy; Pierce, Bresnahan.
At New York—Pittsburgh, rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	P.	C.
Philada.....	45	35	562	Pittsburg 40 41 494
Brooklyn.....	44	39	530	St.Louis 43 44 494
Chicago.....	43	40	518	Boston 40 44 476
N.York.....	38	39	454	Cincinnati 34 45 459

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Chicago, 4; Baltimore, 1. Batteries—Brown, Clemens; Johnson, Conley, Jacklitsch.
At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh, 3; Newark, 2. Batteries—Allen, Perry; Reubach, Rariden.
At St. Louis—Brooklyn, 4; St. Louis, 0. Batteries—Smith, Shonons; Watson, Davenport, Hartley.
At Kansas City—Buffalo, 5; Kansas City, 1. Batteries—Anderson, Allen; Packard, Cullip, Easterly.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	P.	C.
Kan.City.....	48	33	537	Newark. 40 45 455
Chicago.....	50	37	575	Brooklyn 40 45 455
St.Louis.....	49	38	548	Buffalo. 39 51 435
Pittsburg.....	44	38	557	Baltimore 32 53 376

Jolly Book Title Game.

Assemble the players and announce solemnly that it has been decided by certain authorities that the books in some libraries are misnamed and also ascribed to the wrong authors and that this assemblage is requested to, at once and in unison, rechristen the volumes and restore them to their proper, if somewhat unknown, authors.

Then, standing in front of the guests, with a tablet and pencil, on which are inscribed the title of some well known book and its author's name, proceed as follows:

Suppose you have selected the book "Tale of Two Cities," by Charles Dickens.

Ask some player at random if he will assist you by giving you the name of some familiar object or animal. He may choose something in the room or from memory, but it must be a common noun, the name of some object or animal. He selects possibly the article "stove," and you proceed to write it under the word "title" on the tablet. You leave intact the word "of" and ask some other mystified participant for a number, any number except "2." You are given "14" and use it in place of the "two" in the title. Then request a plural noun of some one, and possibly you receive "kittens," which is placed in lieu of the word "cities." Now say that the book being corrected as to title the right author must be found and will Mr. So and So give you a man's Christian name. He offers "Ichabod," an a girl guest presents "Poindexter" as a suitable surname.

With much ceremony you then announce that this company has decided in solemn convocation that the book, "Tale of Two Cities," by Charles Dickens, shall, hereafter, be known to the world as the "Poindexter of Fourteen Kittens," by Ichabod Poindexter.

Let each one in the party select a book and have it and its author re-named, and the combinations of words make the greatest and most irrepressible merriment possible.

What Boy Scouts Learn.

Boy scouts have always been taught to help humanity and service through the advantage of scout craft. They have acquainted themselves with the flower and bird folk so that they can differentiate between all species. They have been taught to single out the poison plants from the harmless ones and to classify the numerous varieties of flowers and plants. "Be kind to animals and conserve natural resources" has always been a motto of the boy scout.

The boy scout has received untold benefit from camp life and from communion with nature. He has been taught to swim, to use his mind and body in set up exercises. He has been taught clean habits and methods of building up a strong and beautiful body. Valor and self dependence have been ultimate results of his long hikes. —Philadelphia Press.

Kitchen Outfit For Scout Camp.

The size of a kitchen outfit for a boy scout camping party depends entirely on the size of the party. For a party of six the kitchen outfit should not contain any more articles than one frying pan, one coffee pot, two water buckets, two large saucepans, can opener, large spoon, large knife and large fork and also a piece of one-half inch wire mesh, about 2 feet by 1, to hang over the fire to broil steak or to toast bread. Your stove can be made by placing three lengths of gas pipe, about three feet long, on stones built up about a foot or fourteen inches high, to allow for a wood fire underneath. Care should be taken to secure the piping from slipping by placing stones on it. This is a very inexpensive and efficient way to build a camp stove. —Brooklyn Eagle.

LETTERS FROM COUNTY TOWNS

Correspondents send in Many Items of Interesting News from their Respective Towns. Personals and Many Brief Items.

EAST BERLIN

East Berlin—U. L. Glatfelter and family and Mr. and Mrs. George Harman and daughter, Delta, motor to Emigsville Sunday.

Drs. Elgin and Miller attended a meeting of the Adams, York, Fulton, Cumberland and Dauphin County Medical Association at Chambersburg this week.

Gervus Myers, district president, and Mr. Spangler, of Gettysburg, visited Washington Cmap No. 159, P. O. S. of A., last Wednesday evening and installed the newly elected officers.

Mrs. P. C. Wantz and son, Robert, and her brother-in-law, Mr. Wantz, and family, all of New York City, spent the past week with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Hollinger.

The Boy Scouts and members of the Glee Club are arranging for a two weeks' outing. They will camp in Dick's grove, along the Conewago, and expect to leave August 3.

In taking up potatoes Monday morning, a stalk with 27 large tubers, the smallest the size of a walnut, was discovered in the garden of Mrs. F. G. Miller.

While Curtis Hamm was operating a grass mower on the farm of Rev. H. H. Loose, near Abbottstown, recently, he cut off both the head and tail of a four-foot rattlesnake.

Mrs. Catherine Spangler, of the west end, tripped and fell on her left arm Monday, resulting in a bad sprain and the fracture of a bone between the wrist and elbow.

IS PUNISHED

Kleskie Quits; Suspended by Manager Gus Dornier.

Kleskie, the big pitcher of the Maroons, who has been saying that he had an offer from another club at a \$125 salary, was Wednesday afternoon suspended by Manager Dornier indefinitely without pay. In the game with Gettysburg it did not seem to Gus Dornier that Kleskie was trying to make things go while in the box.

In the fifth period he gave two bases on balls and allowed enough hits to drive in several runs.

Gus then yanked out the big twirler and began talking to him. The time spent as a castaway without weekly stipend should be something towards either quitting altogether or waking up the twirler to the possibilities afforded in connection with the pitching staff of the Maroons.

CHURCH NOTICES

METHODIST

Sunday School, 9:30; Eyworth League, 6:45. There will be no preaching, the pastor being away on vacation.

CHURCH OF BRETHREN

Stratton Street: Sunday School, 9:30; preaching, 10:30 and 7:30; Marsh Creek: Sunday School, 9:30; Mummasburg: preaching, 10:00.

GETTYSBURG U. B.

Sunday School, E. A. Trostle, superintendent, 9:30 a. m.; Christian Endeavor, 6:30 p. m.; evening worship, 7:30 p. m.

SALEM U. B.

Sunday School, 9 a. m.; morning worship, 10 a. m.

FAIRFIELD CHRISTIAN

Preaching in the morning by Ira P. Harbaugh, of Cincinnati, Ohio, subject, "The Kingdom of God." In the evening by the regular pastor, C. A. Frick, subject, "Sharing Christ with Others."

Chinese Salt Wells.

Salt wells in China have been operated for hundreds of years, and in the Tzeluching district, especially, have built up a prosperous community. In some cases the wells are 300 feet deep. The salt is obtained in the form of brine, which is raised in bamboo tubes by means of crude derricks, the motive power for which is furnished by water buffalos.

What He Missed.

Robert came to visit us. He was there but a short time when he said he guessed he'd better be going. I said: "Won't you stay and have dinner with us?" Taking his cap and starting for the door, he said: "No, I'm going; you got better dinners than we have at home, but not enough kids."—Exchange.

Reason for Her Social Prominence.

"Eh-yah!" said the landlady of the tavern at Polkville, Ark., in reply to the question of the Kansas City drummer. "The lady that just passed is one of our most prominent society leaders. She's already caused four men to be shot, and as you saw, she's still medium young and considerable handsome."—

SUBMARINE HAS 6,000 MILE RADIUS

New American Craft Can Cross the Atlantic Twice.

NEW ENGINE THE SECRET.

Inventor Lake Says the G-3 Can Go to Europe, Do What She Sets Out to Do and Return Without Replenishing Her Supplies—First Tests Have Proved Satisfactory.

The first American submarine to meet tests designed to prove that it could cross the Atlantic ocean and return without stopping recently completed trials on Long Island sound, showing it has a cruising radius of more than 6,000 miles. The submarine is the G-3 built by the Lake Torpedo Boat company of Bridgeport, Conn.

The realization of this dream of Simon Lake, the inventor, hinges on the use of a Swiss engine which burns heavy oil. The efficiency of the new engine is so great that the tiny G-3 can carry enough fuel to cross the Atlantic twice without stopping for a new supply.

The Swiss engine drives both on the surface and under water, replacing the double gasoline and electric engines formerly used, the gasoline to drive the craft on the surface and the electric motor for undersea travel.

The G-3 is only 100 feet in length. The seven new Lake boats being constructed for the United States navy will be more than 350 feet in length and will have a much greater radius of activity than the G-3. Mr. Lake said that some of the new German U boats had a cruising radius equal to that of the G-3, but that the G-3 was the first American submarine able to carry war across the ocean. He said the new Lake boats, which will also use the Swiss engine, would be the equal of anything Admiral Tirpitz now commands.

1,200 Horsepower Engines.

The engines for the G-3, which are of 1,200 horsepower, were imported from Switzerland, but American firms will in the future be able to make the machines, so that the development of the United States submarines will not depend on getting the engines out of warring Europe. The engines were installed in the G-3 at the New York navy yard, and the tests have been carried on in Long Island sound under the supervision of naval officers. The G-3 showed a cruising radius of 5,500 miles at the top speed of eleven knots and at approximately eight knots a radius of more than 6,000 miles. The tests consisted of trips up and down the length of the sound on the surface, under the water and in every condition to which the craft would be subjected in actual warfare. The tests showed that the G-3 could make 14.7 knots an hour on the surface and 10.7 knots submerged when under pressure. The G-3 cost \$450,000. Mr. Lake was asked to tell what capabilities the G-3 had developed.

"You can say," replied the inventor. "It is perfectly practicable for the G-3 to cross the Atlantic. While there is no immediate prospect of any attempt being made, the G-3 with her new engines can cross the ocean, do what she went to do and come back without dependence on any base of supplies. It is merely a question of the economy of fuel."

Mr. Lake said the Swiss engines were basically the same as were being used in the new German submarines but with certain differences. The United States government has possession of the specifications of the new engines and is closely guarding the secrets. It is said that American inventors had been able to improve on the original for the higher power motors which will be installed in the seven new Lake boats.

"When the new boats are finished in about a year and a half," said Mr. Lake, "they will be a match for any submarines in the world. They will cost \$535,000 apiece, will be equipped with six torpedo tubes each and will have a cruising radius of much more than 6,000 miles. They will be more than 300 feet long."

MAN ARRESTS HIMSELF.

Marshal Wolf Hales Citizen Wolf to Court and Makes Him Plead Guilty.

John W. Wolf, city marshal of Lebanon, Ill., arrested himself on a charge of being drunk on the street. He haled himself to court, filed a complaint against himself, had himself arraigned, pleaded guilty, was fined \$5, paid the fine and costs and returned to his duties.

Five bottles of beer in St. Louis caused Marshal Wolf's trouble. He was asleep when he reached his home and doesn't remember what happened. Friends, however, told him he had been drunk on the street, and Marshal Wolf started out to drum up a case against Citizen Wolf.

Marshal Wolf had a hard time, for the interurban trolley car conductor with whom he rode home refused to believe he had been intoxicated and wouldn't make a complaint.

Marshal Wolf after the refusal was obliged to admit that the evidence was scant, but he had a strong feeling, peculiar to the morning after, that Citizen Wolf was guilty. So he pleaded guilty.

Microbe Killers.

The odor of cloves has been known to destroy microbes in 35 minutes; cinnamon will kill some species in 12 minutes; thyme in 35 minutes. In 45

CAPITAL AWAITS COMING OF G. A. R.

Forty-ninth Reunion of Veterans to Be Held in September.

BLUE LINES GROWING THIN

Colonel McElroy, Past Senior Vice Commander in Chief, One of the Deadliest Men on the Civil War, Is Compiling a Roster of the Noted Figures Who Will Be Present.

By J. WALTER MITCHELL.

National Patriotic Instructor, United Spanish War Veterans.

Clad in a reception gown of red, white and blue, Washington will welcome the time worn survivors of the once powerful legions of Grant and Sherman, Meade and Sheridan at the forty-ninth annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic and the fiftieth anniversary of the grand review the week beginning Sept. 27. In the hurly burly of patriotism at Washington that history making occasion will be many conspicuous characters of the greatest war in the preceding century.

Colonel John McElroy, past senior vice commander in chief of the G. A. R., who is regarded by his comrades as a veritable living encyclopedia of the civil war, its men and events, is compiling a roster of the noted figures of the sixties who are expected to attend the big encampment. It is interesting to note in this connection that the two surviving corps commanders of the civil war, Major General Grenville M. Dodge of Council Bluffs, Ia., and Major General James H. Wilson of Wilmington, Del., are expected to be present. General Dodge commanded the noted Sixteenth corps. General Wilson commanded all the cavalry between the Alleghany mountains and the Mississippi river. Details of his troops swept down through Alabama and Mississippi at the close of the war and captured Jefferson Davis.

Major General Osterhaus Coming. At the head of the list of division commanders is Major General Peter Joseph Osterhaus, who has been living for many years at Mannheim, Germany. At the time of the encampment of the G. A. R. he will go to Washington to visit his son, Admiral Hugo Osterhaus, U. S. N., retired, and will greet his old comrades of fifty years ago. General Osterhaus stood among the splendid foreign officers who came to this country to serve the cause of the Union.

Another noted division commander who is expected to greet his former soldiers at the encampment is Major General David McE. Gregg, who is auditor general of Pennsylvania. He commanded with great credit one of Sheridan's cavalry divisions.

Major General Adelbert Ames, who commanded a division of the Tenth corps, distinguishing himself at Fort Fisher, and who was afterward governor of Mississippi and later senator from that state, is living in retirement in Massachusetts and is expected to attend the encampment.

Others who are on the roster of prospective visitors are Admiral George Dewey, who was one of Admiral Farragut's young officers, gaining distinction in the attack upon Port Hudson; Major General Nelson A. Miles, who entered the service as first lieutenant and became colonel of the Sixty-first New York volunteers and who as a brigade commander delivered at Sunderland Station, Va., the momentous blow that cut General Lee's last railroad connection and compelled the surrender of Petersburg and Richmond; Admiral Colby M. Chester, a young officer of Farragut's squadron; Lieutenant General S. B. M. Young, who rose from an enlisted man to be colonel and brevet brigadier general and then entered the regular army, being retired in 1904 with the rank of lieutenant general, and is now governor of the United States Soldiers' home at Washington.

One Veteran Still in Service.

Colonel John L. Clem, quartermaster corps, U. S. army, the only survivor of the civil war now on the active list of the army, is stationed at Washington, and is taking a lively interest in the arrangements for the forty-ninth encampment of the G. A. R. Colonel Clem was baptized in the fire of battle as a drummer boy in the sanguinary contest at Shiloh. He had many thrilling experiences, and because of his undaunted valor in the "hornets' nest" at Chickamauga Generals Rosecrans and Thomas bestowed upon him the title "Drummer Boy of Chickamauga," which he proudly wears to this day. Prior to the battle of Chickamauga he wore the cognomen, "Johnny Shiloh."

Another drummer boy of the civil war who will be present is Abraham Springsteen, who was but ten years of age when he entered the service. He will have charge of a drum, fife and bugle corps of 100 sons and grandsons of Union veterans in the grand review at the G. A. R. encampment.

Major General J. Warren Keifer of Ohio has promised to attend the encampment. He wore the double stars of his rank in two wars and is still active. He commanded a brigade and division in the fighting Sixth corps in the civil war and was commander of a division of the Seventh army corps in the war with Spain. General Keifer served several terms in congress and was one time speaker of the house of representatives.

minutes common wind verbera is very effective while the odor of some geranium flowers has destroyed various forms of microbes in 50 minutes.



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New Post Toasties

If you like corn flakes, as most folks do, there's a delightful surprise ahead. The new method of toasting these choice bits of Indian Corn brings out a wonderful new flavour--

A Flavour Beyond Compare

New Post Toasties have a body and crispness that don't mush down when cream or milk is added, and they come FRESH-SEALED --sweet and appetizing.

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The Ball of Fire

By GEORGE RANDOLPH CHESTER

and LILLIAN CHESTER

ILLUSTRATED BY C. D. RHODES

SYNOPSIS.

CHAPTER I—At a vestry meeting of the Market Square church Gail Sargent listens to a discussion about the sale of the church tenements to Edward E. Allison, local traction king, and when asked her opinion of the church by Rev. Smith Boyd, says it is apparently a lucrative business enterprise.

CHAPTER II—Allison takes Gail riding in his motor car. When he suggests she is entitled to rest on the laurels of his achievements, she asks the disturbing question: "Why?"

CHAPTER III—Gail, returning to her Uncle Jim's home from her drive with Allison, finds the world uncomfortably full of men, and Allison tells Jim Sargent that his new ambition is to conquer the world.

CHAPTER V.

Edward E. Allison Takes a Vacation.

Edward E. Allison walked into the offices of the Municipal Transportation company at nine o'clock, and set his basket of opened and carefully annotated letters out of the mathematical center of his desk; then he touched a button and a thin young man, whose



"Free as Air," He Gayly Told Her.

brow, at twenty, wore the traces of preternatural age, walked briskly in. "Take Mr. Gregory these letters and ask him if he will be kind enough to stop here."

"Yes, sir," and the concentrated young man departed with the basket, feeling that he had quite capably borne his weight of responsibility.

Gregory walked in, a fat man with no trace of nonsense about him.

"Out for the day, Ed?" he surmised, gauging that probability by the gift of the letters.

"A month or so," amended Allison, rising and surveying the other articles on his desk calculatingly. "I'm going to take a vacation."

"It's about time," agreed his efficient general manager. "I think it's been four years since you stopped to take a breath. Going to play a little?"

"That's the word, and Allison chuckled like a boy.

"I suppose we'll have your address," suggested Gregory.

"No."

Gregory pondered frowningly. He began to see a weight piling up on him and, though he was capable, he loved his flesh.

"About that Shell Beach extension?" he inquired. "There's likely to be trouble with the village of Waveview. Their local franchisees—"

"Settle it yourself," directed Allison carelessly, and Gregory stared. During the long and arduous course of Allison's climb, he had built his success on personal attention to detail. "Good-by," and Allison walked out, lighting a cigar on his way to the door.

He stopped his runabout in front of a stationer's and bought the largest globe they had in stock.

"Address, please?" asked the clerk, pencil poised over delivery slip.

"I'll take it with me," and Allison helped them secure the clumsy thing in the seat beside him. Then he streaked up the avenue to the small and severely furnished house where four ebony servants protected him from the world.

"Out of town except to this list," he directed his kinky-haired old butler, and going into the heavy oak library, he closed the door. On the wall, depending from the roller case, was a huge map, a broad familiar domain between two oceans, and he smiled as his eye fell upon that tiny territory near the Atlantic, which, up to now, he had called a world, because he had mastered it.

His library phone rang.

"Mr. Allison?" a woman's voice, Gail Sargent, Mrs. Sargent, Mrs. Davies, or

Lucile Teasdale. No other ladies were on his list. The voice was not that of Gail. "Are you busy tonight?" Oh, yes, Lucile Teasdale.

"Free as air," he gayly told her.

"I'm so glad," rattled Lucile. "Ted's just telephoned that he has tickets for 'The Lady's Maid.' Can you join us?"

"With pleasure." No hesitation whatever; prompt and agreeable; ever

stopped for ten minutes, and lunched with apparent relish. At seven-thirty he called Ephraim and ordered a cold plunge and some breakfast. He had been up all night, and on the map of the United States there were penciled two thin straight black lines, one from New York to Chicago, and one from Chicago to San Francisco. Crossing them, and paralleling them, and angling in their general direction, but quite close to them in the main, were lines of green and lines of orange; these three.

Another day and another night he spent with his maps, and his books, and his figures; then he went to his broker with a list of railroads.

"Get me what stock you can of these," he directed. "Pick it up as quietly as possible."

The broker looked them over and elevated his eyebrows. There was not a road in the list which was important strategically, but he had ceased to ask questions of Edward Allison.

Three days later Allison went into the annual stockholders' meeting of the L. and C. railroad, and registered majority of the stock in that insignificant line, which ran up the shore opposite Crescent Island, joined the Towando Valley shortly after its emergence from his hired entrance into New York, ran for fifty miles over the roadway of the Towando, with which it had a long-time tracking contract, and wandered up into the country, where it served as an outlet to certain conservatively profitable territory.

The president reached for his gavel and called the meeting. The stockholders, gray and grave, and some with watery eyes, drew up their chairs to the long table; for they were directors, too. They answered to their names, and they listened to the minutes, and waded mechanically through the routine business, always with their gaze straying to the new force which had come among them. Every man there knew all about Edward E. Allison. He had combined the traction interests of New York by methods as logical and unsympathetic as geometry, and where he appeared, no matter how pacific his avowed intentions, there were certain to be radical upheavals.

Election of officers was reached in the routine, and again that solemn inquiry in the faded eyes. The "official slate" was proposed in nomination. Edward E. Allison voted with the rest. Every director was re-elected.

New business. Again the solemn inquiry.

"Move to amend Article Three, Section One of the constitution, relating to duration of office," announced Allison, passing the written motion to the secretary. "On a call from the majority of stock, the stockholders have a right to demand a special meeting, on one week's notice, for the purpose of reorganization and re-election."

They knew it. It had to come.

Edward E. Allison waited just long enough to vote his majority stock, and left the meeting in a hurry, for he had an engagement to take tea with Gail Sargent.

He allowed himself four hours for sleep that night, and the next afternoon headed for Denver. On the way he studied maps again, but the one to which he paid most attention was a new one drawn by himself, on which the various ranges of the Rocky Mountains were represented by scrawled, lead-penciled spirals. Right where his thin line crossed these spirals at a converging point, was Yando chasm.

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"Couldn't Think of It," Declared Wilcox, Looking at the Map.

a pass created by nature, which was the proud possession of the Inland Pacific, now the most prosperous and direct of all the Pacific systems; and the Inland, with an insolent pride in the natural fortune which had been found for it by the cleverest of all engineers, guarded its precious right of way as no jewel was ever protected. Just east of Yando chasm there crossed a little "one-horse" railroad, which, starting at the important city of Silverknob, served some good mining towns below the Inland's line, and on the north side curved up and around through the mountains, rambling wherever there was freight or passengers to be carried, and ending on the other side of the range at Nugget City, only twenty miles north of the Inland's main line, and a hundred miles west, into the fair country which sloped down to the Pacific. This road, which had its headquarters in Denver, was called the Silverknob and Nugget City; and into its meeting walked Allison, with control.

His course here was different from that in Jersey City. He ousted every

director on the board, and elected men of his own. Immediately after, in the director's meeting, he elected himself president, and, kindly consenting to talk with the reporters of the Denver newspapers, hurried back to Chicago, where he drove directly to the head offices of the Inland Pacific.

"I've just secured control of the Silverknob and Nugget City," he informed the general manager of the Inland.

"So I noticed," returned Wilcox, who was a young man of fifty and wore picturesque velvet hats. "The papers here made quite a sensation of your going into railroading."

"They're welcome," grinned Allison. "Say, Wilcox, if you'll build a branch from Pines to Nugget City, we'll give you our Nugget City freight where we cross, at Copperville, east of the range."

Wilcox headed for the map.

"What's the distance?" he inquired.

"Twenty-two miles; fairly level grade, and one bridge."

"Couldn't think of it," decided Wilcox, looking at the map. "We'd like to have your freight, for there's a lot of traffic between Silverknob and Nugget City, but it's not our territory. The smelters are at Silverknob, and they ship east over the White Range line. Anyway, why do you want to take away the haulage from your northern branch?"

"Figure on discontinuing it. The grades are steep, the local traffic is light, and the roadbed is in a rotten condition. It needs rebuilding throughout. I'll make you another proposition. I'll build the line from Pines to Nugget City myself, if you'll give us track connection at Copperville and at Pines, and will give us a traffic contract for our rolling stock on a reasonable basis."

Again Wilcox looked at the map. The Silverknob and Nugget City road began nowhere and ran nowhere, so far as the larger transportation world was concerned, and it could never figure as a competitor. The hundred miles through the precious natural pass known as the Yando chasm was not so busy a stretch of road as it was important, and the revenue from the passage of the Silverknob and Nugget City's trains would deduct considerably from the expense of maintaining that much-prized key to the golden West.

"I'll take it up with Priestly and Gorman," promised Wilcox.

"How soon can you let me know?"

"Monday."

That afternoon saw Allison headed back for New York, and the next morning he popped into the offices of the Pacific Slope and Puget Sound, where he secured a rental privilege to run the trains of the Orange Valley road into San Francisco, and down to Los Angeles, over the tracks of the P. S. and P. S. The Orange Valley was a little, blind pocket of a road, which made a juncture with the P. S. and P. S. just a short haul above San Francisco, and it ran up into a rich fruit country, but its terminus was far away from any possible connection with a northwestern competitor, and that bargain was easy.

That night Allison, glowing with an exultation which erased his fatigue, dressed to call on Gail Sargent.

(Continued To-morrow)

POWER OF ELOQUENCE.

A Scotch Preacher Who Proved Himself a Real Spellbinder.

The magic power of eloquence to hold an audience bound as by a spell is commonly credited to the political stump speaker. But that some of this gift of fascination is to be found in the pulpit the Rev. Dr. Guthrie makes clear in his book, "Nine Great Preachers." To show the importance of the voice and manner in delivering the message he tells the following story of the preaching of the Rev. Dr. Guthrie of Scotland:

Guthrie possessed to an eminent degree the power of apt, impressive illustration. Joined to the victory of his voice, it sometimes amounted to a power of enchantment. His auditors were then spellbound by it.

An amusing instance is presented in the conduct of a Highland cattle drover one day in Guthrie's congregation in Free St. John's. The man stood throughout the service in one of the crowded aisles within a few yards of the pulpit. From the first he was riveted, a pinch of snuff every now and then evincing his satisfaction. Toward the end of the sermon and just as the preacher was commencing a prolonged illustration, the stranger applied to his horn mull.

Arrested, however, he stood motionless, his hand raised with the snuff back, his eyes and mouth wide open. The instant the passage was finished, and before the audience had time to recover their breath, the drover applied the snuff with gusto to his nostrils, and, forgetting in his excitement alike the place and the occasion he turned his head to the crowd behind and exclaimed, "Na, sirs, I never heard the like of that!"

THE HUMAN FOOT.

In Its Primitive State It Was Larger Than It Is Today.

Artists say that no Greek sculptor would have ever dreamed of putting a nine inch foot on a five and one-half foot woman. The types for the classic marble figures were taken from the most perfect forms of living persons. Unquestionably the human foot, as represented by the ancient sculptors, was larger than the modern one, and, in fact, the primitive foot of all peoples whereof we have any record, either of statuary or otherwise, was considerably larger than the restricted foot of modern times.

The masculine foot, forming an approximate average of four different countries, was about twelve inches long. This would require at least a No. 10 shoe to cover it comfortably. The average masculine foot today is easily fitted with a No. 8½ shoe and is, therefore, not above ten and seven-sixteenths inches. Now, by the old sculptural rule of proportion a man five feet nine inches in height should have a foot eleven and one-half inches long, or one-sixth his height. It was of no great consequence what size sandals he wore, but he would have required a modern shoe of at least a No. 10½ for a minimum fit or a No. 11 for real comfort.

For women, allowing for the difference in the relative size of the sexes, which was about the same then as now, a woman of five feet three inches in height would have had a foot ten inches long, requiring a modern shoe of the size No. 6 as the most comfortable or a No. 5½ as the limit of comfort.

—Washington Star.

Restoring Tan Color to Leather.

A leather company discovered that all of citronella would restore various shades of tan and brown leathers to their original colors. It is only necessary to rub the leather over with the oil and later polish with a good leather dressing.

WITH HONORS OF WAR.

Rights Those Conditions Confer Upon a Defeated Foe.

Ordinarily in all siege operations a surrender of a fortress is unconditional, and the vanquished tacitly agree to accept whatever terms the victor, in his wisdom, may impose, relying upon the latter's magnanimity for good and lenient treatment. The usual course is this: The garrison is disbanded. They are made to fall in, all so many prisoners, and escorted to wherever their conquerors decide they shall be detained.

The conquerors, of course, see that the escort is a strong guard, properly armed, able to put down at once any attempt on the prisoners' part to escape or disobey orders. Worst of all and certainly the most galling to any real soldier, the almost sacred trophies of the different regiments become the spoils of the victors.

Guns, ammunition, colors and such like things all have to be given up, though men have given their lives to defend them. For the future they grace the homes of the enemy or are turned against their old owners in the field.

It is in these things that the humiliation of surrender becomes complete. Yet all of it is saved when the beaten garrison is granted the "honors of war." That means the defenders were simply "defeated, but not disgraced."

By its use the successful besiegers admit to the world that the garrison was able to make something better than an unconditional surrender. Their heroic defense had not left them at their last gasp. They could maintain hostilities for some time yet, and, although they would undoubtedly be beaten at the finish, the fortress could only be taken after more loss had been suffered.

In such a case all that is demanded of the beaten men is that they should evacuate all their positions. These the enemy takes possession of as what he has been striving for. All the colors and other trophies are retained by the garrison. The defenders are not prisoners of war, compelled to surrender. They are simply beaten men, voluntarily giving up the unequal contest.

They are not disarmed and escorted by guards. Mustering under their own leaders, they have no enemy over them giving orders. Heeded by their own bands, with their own colors flying above them and no foreign flag near, they "march out" of the positions they have so nobly held, saluted by their successors and acclaimed by the world as heroes for whom circumstances have been too strong.

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POPULAR MECHANICS

Softening and Hardening Iron.

Some cast iron is chilled in the process of making until it is almost impossible to drill or work it in any way. This may be very easily overcome by treating it in the following way: Take the cast iron and heat it to a little above a cherry red, take it from the fire and place a piece of sulphur on the place to be drilled. If the iron gets too cold place it on the fire again, just keeping it above a cherry red. Continue to throw sulphur on it until it becomes soft enough to drill.

Cast iron may be hardened in the following way: Heat it to a cherry red; then sprinkle it with cyanide of potassium. Then heat the iron again to a little above a red. The iron should then be dipped in water and cooled. A rod treated in this way should be hard enough to resist the cut of a file and upon breaking it should show that the hardening has penetrated to the interior. The file should not cut the interior any easier than it did the outside.

Wrought iron may also be case hardened in the same way.

Hashish.

There was a terrible secret society in the east which was organized for wholesale and systematic murder. Its members called themselves "Hashishin"—whence, by the way, came our word "assassin"—and used to get up courage for their deeds of atrocity by doses of the drug called hashish. This is obtained from Indian hemp, and it is from the seed vessels that the substance is taken which yields the poison so famed in history and romance. It is a vivid green and when taken produces the most extraordinary visions and hallucinations.

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Also sell and install the famous Air motor wind pumps

A WAY, ON YOUR VACATION?

Let the TIMES follow you. A telephone call giving us your address will insure the daily message from home AT NO EXTRA CHARGE.

It will go to a different address every day—if you say so. We attend to the change and are glad to do it.

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NON-SKID
AT LOW PRICES
Cost Reduced—Quality Maintained

Compare With Plain Tread Casing Prices Of Other Standard Makes			
3½x30 - 12.20	4½x34 - 27.30		
4 x33 - 20.00	4½x36 - 28.70		
4 x34 - 20.35	5 x37 - 33.90		

Fisk quality tires never gave more universal satisfaction than they are giving today. THE FISK NON-SKID is the only real non-skid which can be bought at the Low Prices.

Fisk Tires For Sale By
GEORGE F. EBERHART
EAGLE HOTEL BUILDING
Oakland Cars Auto Supplies

2 KILLED, 3 HURT IN STRIKE RIOT

Sheriff Asks For Troops to
Quell Bayonne Mob.

SITUATION BEYOND CONTROL

Crowds Attack Standard Oil and
Tidewater Plants and Battle in the
Streets.

New York, July 23.—After two more strike sympathizers had been killed and six wounded in street fighting near the plants of the Standard Oil and Tidewater Oil companies, in Bayonne, N. J., five miles south of Jersey City, Sheriff Kinkadee, of Hudson county, requested Governor Fielder to call out troops to cope with the situation.

The request for troops was made to the governor at his law office in Jersey City. The governor at once communicated by telephone with Adjutant General Wilbur F. Sadler, in Trenton, and General Sadler, at the governor's request, left for Jersey City to consult with the governor.

The dead are Stanley Murefio, twenty-eight years old, and Nicolas Iwaszkin, nineteen years of age. Both were shot through the heart by Winchester rifle bullets, apparently fired by guards.

Previous to this a striker tried to assassinate Sheriff Kinkadee. He fired at the sheriff at a distance of a few feet, but the bullet missed.

Two fires occurred during the rioting, one in the Standard Oil plant where a watchman's house was almost destroyed, the other in the yard of the Tidewater company, where planes and lumber were stored. This fire was started by means of burning oil waste thrown over the walls by rioters. It was speedily checked, with trifling loss.

Two more fires, the first in two tank cars at the extreme east end of the Standard Oil plant, and the other in the stove yard of the Tidewater company, occurred.

As two men were slain in fighting on Wednesday, the death total from the strike disorders now stands at four. Three of the wounded were shot by guards of the Standard Oil company, when several thousand workers, who have been on strike for higher wages since Tuesday, stormed the grounds.

After several hours of comparative quiet, a crowd of 500 assembled near the barrel works of the Tidewater company, and began an attack on the guards there. Sticks, stones and revolvers were used and the guards repelled with Winchester.

Three hundred private detectives imported from New York, were holding the position on the west side of the plant. When the strikers charged, there was a storm of bullets, which killed one of the earth and made streets on the street pavement.

It was in this battle that the two men were killed. Three more were wounded before the attack was quelled.

TO INVESTIGATE GIRL'S DEATH

Suspect Young Woman Found by Road
side May Have Been Murdered.

Olean, N. Y., July 23.—Chief of Police Russell took from a train the case containing the body of Louise Carroll, of Reno, who was found unconscious on the Buffalo-Dewey road near Buffalo on Tuesday night, and which was being taken to her home.

This was done in order to permit a further examination of the body. Murder, in connection with a robbery of Dr. R. H. Johnson's house, where the girl worked, is suspected. The girl was discovered by the roadside and taken to a hospital, where she died the next day.

Chicken Thief Returns Stolen Hens

Millville, N. J., July 23.—A conscience-stricken thief returned 12 chickens which he had stolen from the henry of Richard Chambers, at Center Grove, on Monday night. On the door of the coop was found an unsigned note, which stated that since taking the chickens he had been unable to sleep, and to relieve his conscience, returned the fowls.

Dies of Injury at 101.

Pottsville, Pa., July 23.—Mrs. Lydia Miller, of Mount Carmel, aged 101 years and four days, died here. On Friday she tripped in her bedroom falling and inflicting an injury upon her head, since which she had been sinking. She was born in Millford, Pa. On her birthday one year ago she was congratulated by President Wilson.

Child Burned by Fireworks.

Marysville, Pa., July 23.—Charles Warner, six years old, of Mechanicsburg, was probably fatally burned in a belated Fourth of July celebration yesterday. Young Warner found some left-over fireworks and set them off, and his clothing caught fire in the explosion.

Hair to Millions Dies in Hospital.

New York, July 23.—Charles Jameson, one of the two ultimate heirs to the \$20,000,000 estate of the late John Arbuckle, died in the Roosevelt hospital after undergoing two operations for intestinal disease. He was forty-five years old.

Not Generally Understood.

There is nothing impossible about a white blackbird or a brown blackbird. In this connection "black" means a variety, not a color. The Yellow sea is not yellow, and the White mountains are not white.

MAXIM WARNS U. S. OF INVASION PERIL

Time to Prepare For War is
Now, He Declares.

Harrisburg, Pa., July 23.—Hudson Maxim, inventor of high explosives and war materials and advocate of the high-power gun as a means of insuring peace, told 200 members of the Chamber of Commerce here that there is a possibility that this country may be invaded by a foreign power after the close of the European war, and he urged immediate preparation. He did not say what country might make the invasion.

"The time to prepare for war is now, not when the enemy is upon us," he said. Mr. Maxim's subject was "Things We Lack to Make This Nation Safe Against Invasion and Able to Maintain Its National Honor Aboard by Force of Arms if Necessary."

Mr. Maxim denied that he said, in a recent speech at Cornell, that "all wars are foolish." He explained that what he did say was: "I believe in being so prepared against war as to render it practically impossible. Make it so costly that it would not pay. There are good wars and bad wars. Wars of plunder and wars for freedom and rights. There are justifiable wars. We should be strong to fight good wars."

Allied Envoys Quit Warsaw.

Washington, July 23.—The American consul at Warsaw cabled the state department that the Belgian consul had left Warsaw and that the American consulate had taken charge of the affairs of both Belgium and Serbia there.

Girl, Ten, Rescues Brother.

Pottsville, Pa., July 23.—Philip Rosenberg, twenty-four years old, was saved from death by drowning at Yorkville by his ten-year-old sister, Catharine, who went to his rescue with a boat.

GENERAL MARKETS

PHILADELPHIA — FLOUR quiet; winter clear, \$5.25@5.50; city mills, fancy, \$5.50@5.85.

WHEAT firm; No. 2 red, new, \$1.14@1.16.

CORN firm; No. 2 yellow, \$7@88c.

COATS quiet; No. 2 white, 62½@63c; lower grades, 60c.

POULTRY: Live steady; hens, 16½@17c; old roosters, 11½@12c. Dress- ed, steady; choice fowls, 19c; old roosters, 12c.

BUTTER steady; fancy creamery, 29½c per lb.

EGGS steady; selected, 26@27c; nearby, 24c; western, 24c.

LIVE STOCK PRICES.

CHICAGO — HOGS lower; mixed and butchers, \$7@8; good heavy, \$6.50@7.65; rough heavy, \$6.65@6.85; light, \$7.40@8; pigs, \$6.50@7.55; bulk of sales, \$7.10@7.50.

CATTLE weak; beefs, \$6.75@10.40; cows and heifers, \$3.75@9.50; Texans, \$7.40@8.75; calves, \$8.75@10.25.

SHEEP weak; native and western, \$8.25@6.50; lambs, \$5.75@8.

IT WAS VERY CURIOUS.

When the Whistle Test Failed All the
Surgeons Were Puzzled.

A Parisian Journal tells a little story of a young Parisian who in civil life had long worn a monocle in his left eye and had continued the habit as an officer. He had been wounded, was cured and asked to be returned to the front. He was to be examined and concealed the monocle, thinking he might be charged with myopia in one eye. When the chief surgeon examined him, after looking well over his face, he said sharply, "Whistle!"

The soldier whistled like a blackbird. "This is curious," said the surgeon, and, calling a young assistant, he said again to the soldier, "Whistle!" He whistled again. "That is curious," said the young assistant.

Another surgeon entered, and the patient was called upon for the third time to whistle.

"Ah," said the surgeon, "this is curious."

"But," expostulated the soldier, "I don't see why there is so much of this. I'm not to serve as a locomotive."

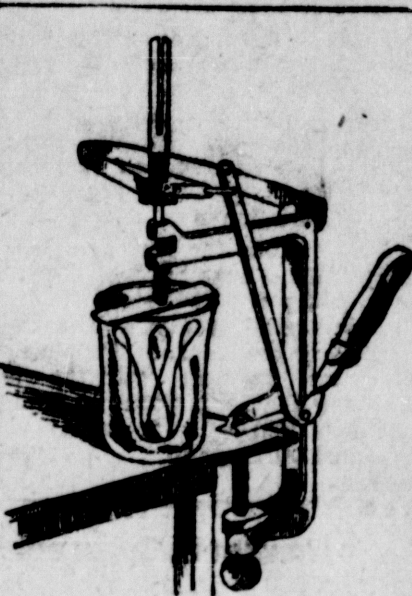
"It is all right," said the chief surgeon. "You may return to the front."

When the soldier arrived at his regiment he gave to the regimental surgeon the note that had been given him by the examiner. This surgeon said in his turn, "Will you please whistle?" He whistled. "This is curious," said the surgeon.

It seems that when a man wears a monocle it gives to the face the appearance of facial paralysis. The operation of whistling is a test. The facial paralytic cannot whistle.

HELPFUL HINTS FOR HOUSEWIVES

Egg Beater That is Operated
by a Vertical Lever.



Nearly all egg beaters are designed upon the crank and wheel principle, but in a new one recently patented the rotary motion is supplied by the vertical movement of a lever which is said to be much more satisfactory for many reasons, the main one of which is that a greater speed may be secured by less exertion. While it is designed particularly for egg beating, a great number of similar operations may be performed with it, such as making mayonnaise and mixing cake batter. The apparatus is secured to a table, and the eggs or other material to be treated are placed in a deep glass receptacle into which the beaters descend. A slight movement of the lever is sufficient to violently agitate the shaft on which the beaters are mounted, and the aeration of the eggs is quickly accomplished.

Scotch Cabbage Soup.

Required: One firm, white cabbage, two ounces of butter, two heaped tablespoonfuls of medium oatmeal, one small onion, one pint of milk, one and a half pints of water, salt and pepper. Well wash and carefully examine the cabbage, then cut it into thin shreds. Throw it into a pan of fast boiling water and boil it for five minutes, then drain off this water and throw it away. Melt the butter in a saucepan, add the chopped onion and the cabbage and let them cook gently for five minutes, then add a pint and a half of water, and when it boils sprinkle in the oatmeal. Add a little salt and let the soup boil gently until the cabbage is quite tender. Stir it now and then or it will stick and burn. Lastly, add the milk, and if the soup seems thin do not use all. Season carefully and serve it in a hot tureen, with toast or fried bread cut in neat dice.

Cleaning Frying Pans.

Ad frying pans and omelet pans should be cleaned in the following way: Directly they are done with pour off all the fat and then wipe them thoroughly with fresh pieces of paper till these come off quite clean, and when the pan is rubbed over with a clean cloth there should be no stain on it. If by any chance one of these pans has got burned at any time dip a cloth in salt and rub this well on the pan till the burned part is removed. Or crushed eggshells can be used in the same way. If any tin pots and pans be used remember that after cleaning they must be kept in a warm place and, of course, thoroughly dried, for otherwise they are apt to rust at the seams.

Stuffed Potatoes.

Required: Large, even sized potatoes, for each potato a tablespoonful of grated cheese, one tablespoonful of chopped cooked meat, one teaspoonful of chopped onion, parsley and dripping. Scrub the potatoes, bake them until they are soft inside. Cut one end off each and carefully scoop out with a small spoon. Mash them smoothly and mix it with the cheese, meat, parsley, onion, warmed dripping and seasoning. Refill the skins with this. Reheat until very hot all through and serve at once.

Mutton Bone Broth.

When buying mutton or lamb for a roast bring home also the bones which the butcher removes and make a nutritious broth for lunch. Put the bones into the soup kettle, cover with three pints of cold water, add four tablespoonfuls of pearl barley and allow to heat slowly. When boiling skin carefully and set the kettle back that the broth may simmer for two hours. Season well with salt and serve very hot in bottle cups.

Political Advertising
For Prothonotary
At the urgent request of his friends
T. MARSHALL MEHRING
of Cumberland Township
For Prothonotary and kindly solicits
your patronage.

For Director Of Poor
E. ISAIAH RICE
of Menallen Township
Your support and influence kindly
asked for at the Republican Primaries,
Sept. 21, 1915.

For County Commissioner
H. M. KELLER
of Franklin Township
Subject to the decision of the Democratic primaries.

For County Treasurer
E. P. WISOTZKEY
Subject to the decision of the Democratic Primary.
Received second to highest vote in 1911.
Your support will be appreciated.

For Prothonotary
C. C. COLLINS
of Mountjoy Township
Democratic Candidate
Your vote and influence kindly solicited at the Democratic Primaries, Sept. 21, 1915.

For Register and Recorder
CHAS. W. GARDNER
Gettysburg
(Formerly of York Springs)
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries, Sept. 21, 1915.

For Commissioner
WAL. C. SNYDER
Cumberland Township
Your Support and Influence Kindly
asked for at the Next Democratic
Primary Election.

For County Treasurer
DR. E. D. HUDSON
Subject to the decision of the Democratic Primary.
Your support will be appreciated.

For County Commissioner
HARRY B. SLAGLE
of Oxford Township
DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE
Your vote and influence kindly solicited at the coming Democratic Primaries.

For Director of Poor
EDWIN H. BENNER
of Mt. Joy Township
Subject to decision of the Republican Primary.

For Director of the Poor
SIMON P. MILLER
of Mountjoy Township
Your vote and influence kindly solicited at the coming Democratic Primaries.

For County Treasurer
JOHN E. McDONNELL
of Gettysburg
A candidate four years ago, who was largely supported and will appreciate a renewal and increase of the confidence shown at that time.

For County Treasurer
WM. D. GILBERT
Gettysburg
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries, Sept. 21, 1915.
Democratic Candidate

For County Treasurer
C. C. BREAM
Gettysburg Borough
Your support and influence kindly asked for at the next Democratic Primary election, Sept. 21, 1915.

For Sheriff
HOWARD J. HARTMAN
Gettysburg, Pa.
Formerly of Mt. Joy Twp.
Your Support and Influence kindly asked for at the Republican Primaries, Sept. 21st.

For County Treasurer
FRED THORN
Of Gettysburg.
Subject to the decision of the Primaries, Sept. 21, 1915.

For District Attorney
CHARLES E. STAHL
Subject to decision of Democratic Primary, Sept. 21st, 1915.

For County Treasurer
BRADY M. SEFTON
Gettysburg
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries, Sept. 21, 1915.

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE
For County Commissioner
VOTE FOR H. J. MARCH
(CATTLE DEALER)
East Berlin
Your Vote and Influence Kindly Solicited at the Fall Primary, Tuesday, September 21st, 1915.

For District Attorney
RAYMOND F. TOPPER
Gettysburg, Pa.
Your Vote and Influence kindly solicited at the Republican Primaries, Sept. 21st.

For Director of Poor
A. J. GUISE
of Butler Township.
Your vote and influence kindly solicited at the coming Democratic Primaries, Sept. 21, 1915.

Safety Device For Platforms.
A large percentage of the accidents that happen to painters and other workmen working on platforms that are suspended by block and tackle occur when the fall rope slips from the hands of one of the workers, and to prevent just such accidents as this a



OPERATION OF SAFETY DEVICE.
simple and apparently effective device has been invented. It consists of a steel loop with a solid end through which the bolt at the top of the block passes, forming a pivoted connection, with the loop end free to swing up or down. The fall rope and the adjacent rope pass through the loop. At the inner end the loop is large enough to permit the ropes to work freely, but tapers to a tight fit at the outer end. In case a workman loses his hold on the fall rope the friction of the rope causes the loop to fly upward, when the fall rope is forced into the small end of the loop and holds the platform securely.

How Did You Die?
Did you tackle that trouble that came your way
With a resolute heart and cheerful?
Or hide your face from the light of day
With a craven soul and fearful?
Oh, a trouble is a ton or a trouble is an ounce,
Or a trouble is what you make it;
And it isn't the fact that you're hurt that counts,
But only—how did you take it?
You are beaten to earth? Well, well, what's that?
Come up with a smiling face.
It's nothing against you 40 fall down flat.
But to lie there—that's disgrace.
The harder you're thrown, why, the higher you bounce;
Be proud of your blackened eye!
It isn't the fact that you're licked that counts;
It's how did you fight—and why?
And though you've been done to the death, what then?
If you battled the best you could;
If you played your part in the world of men,
Why, the Critic will call it good.
Death comes with a crawl or comes with a pounce;
And whether he's slow or spry,
It isn't the fact that you're dead that counts,
But only—how did you die?
—Edmund Vance Cooke.

The KITCHEN CUPBOARD

A WELL LIKED DISH.

DINNER MENU.
Chicken Fricassee.
Mashed Potatoes. Creamed Peas.
Lettuce Salad.
Minute Cake and Raspberry Ice.
Coffee.

Chicken Fricassee.

TAKE a good sized chicken and cut into about eight pieces and season well with salt and pepper. When the kettle is hot put in a large spoonful of fat or butter, and in this smother one onion, chopped very fine; then put in chicken and add chopped parsley and a little celery root. When the chicken is heated through add water to cover and let cook slowly until tender, and, lastly, thicken gravy with flour, stirred smooth in cream.

A Vegetarian Dish.

The following original combination can be recommended to the vegetarian who is challenged to produce other substantial dishes and something extra attractive other than the dried bean and pea things, the cheese combinations, the macaroni and spaghetti and scallops. And summer is a good time in the year for a great many people to become more or less complete vegetarians, for a two month period at least, likely thus anticipating doctor's orders or making them unnecessary.

The combination in question can be recommended as a pretty thing for anybody's table, but more particularly for those who do not realize how a combination of flavors and quality may make a vegetarian dish substantial enough to gratify even the most prejudiced of meat eaters. The name "Jewel Box" is given because of the shape and decoration.

The Jewel Box.

Put into a buttered bread tin or into individual tins of the same shape a layer of mashed potato prepared with butter and cream and on top of that a layer of fresh green pea puree dried and well buttered over the fire, or almost as fine is that of the green dried split peas. Prepare glazed carrots by washing and scraping a large bunch of carrots made up of small sized ones, slicing them and then putting them to cook with two tablespoonfuls of butter, one of sugar, a level teaspoonful

of salt and two cupfuls of water, cooking gently until liquid is cooked away to about two tablespoonfuls, which is the glaze. When ready to serve invert the tin or tins and arrange with a teaspoon the slices of carrot in a border around the edge of the mold, overlapping each. If a large mold is made extra carrots can be served with each slice. A gratifying mouthful consists of the three ingredients potato, peas and carrot. It is palatable cold if each is seasoned to perfection.

Anna Thompson

CLOTH AND CLOTHES.

Why Some Garments Keep and Others
Easily Lose Their Shape.

Every one—in this country, at least—wears clothes. They have to. Consequently every one is more or less interested in the question of clothes.

It is not so easy to know good cloth as it seems. Many people, depending on texture, feel, weave and so forth, think that they are judges of cloth. And when, after buying what they believe to be a good piece of cloth, it does not wear well they are greatly surprised.

The durability of cloth depends largely upon the length of the individual fibers. If the fibers are long and curling they form a close and strong weave. The cloth does not crack or wear out at the seams or folds because of the length of fiber, nor does it rub as easily by surface wear because it is more springy or elastic. Short fibers, on the other hand, have much less binding quality because they do not intertwine.

The difference between two suits or dresses in "keeping their shape" is largely due to this same thing. A really first class cloth, properly made and fitted, hardly ever requires pressing. It is elastic, and if it is hung up after having been worn for a day or two it will go right back into shape. The constant sending of trowsers to the tailor to have a "crease" put in is a sign that the cloth was not made of long fibers.

If you want your suits or dresses to wear well and to look well first make sure that the cloth is woven from long fibers.—New York American.

Brute!
"Does he like to fashion his wife's gowns?"

Easy & Practical Home Dress Making Lessons

Prepared Especially For This Newspaper
by Pictorial Review

THE VOGUE OF THE POCKETED SKIRT.

No mode of the season is more pronounced than the pocketed skirt, and the conventional minded have fallen right into line with the extremists in accepting the new order of fashion. The skirt shown here is a four-piece model in men's wear serge, having the front gore stitched to form pockets. The closing is shifted to the left side, where buttons are added to emphasize the fact. A belt of self material finishes the high waist-line. For medium size 3½ yards of serge are required.

Seams are spared the front and back by placing these sections of the pattern on a lengthwise fold of the material. The back belt section is laid crosswise on a fold of the serge, but the front section is placed over a lengthwise thread. The side gore at its widest, curved section touches the selvedge edge, as does the pouching.

The length of the skirt is determined, of course, by single and double small "oo" perforations, these marking off varying degrees of smartness in this regard.

The separate skirt is in such great demand this season that one finds it developed in many different materials. A variant of the fashionable stripes is a group of three hairlines placed about an inch apart, with the intersecting space filled with checks almost a quarter of an inch wide. Ribbed silks and clothes, too, are seen everywhere.

Checks are bewitching, and occasionally in the irregular checked designs a line of white enters the scheme very effectively. One of the most fashionable color schemes just now is a tawny yellow and black check which is very good looking trimmed with buttons of the cloth with black centers.

The last word in skirts is this four-gored model having the front gore attached to form pockets. It is carried out in blue men's wear serge.

CUTTING GUIDE 6321
BACK GORE B SIDE GORE D FRONT GORE A
FOLD OF 4 1/2 INCH MATERIAL WITHOUT NAP
(Patented April 30, 1907)

Pictorial Review Pattern No. 6321. Sizes 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32 and 34 inches waist. Price, 15 cents.

DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS



There are others keeping track of Father

G. W. WEAVER & SON, Gettysburg, Pa.

GENERAL SUMMER CLEARANCE SALE

This is a great opportunity for MONEY SAVING for our customers because the sale is so comprehensive-- embracing lines from every department.

The vacation season being now at its height brings with it the need of new and additional apparel for indoor or out door wear--at resorts or traveling.

Everything included in this sale is practically NEW-- with full assortments to select from in many instances. Reductions are decided price cuts and values are unmistakable.

You know what these SALES have been with us before--and we therefore do not think it necessary to go into details.

COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELF

G. W. WEAVER & SON

A Foot Note

Summer comfort should extend from the feet up.

Have you the kind of shoes you need for every day, for vacation sports?

Your feet are friends that deserve good treatment--the best, not necessarily the most expensive, are none too good for them.

And are you sure you are getting the best? In other words, are you "shoe wise"?

Wisdom is the child of knowledge and perhaps you can find the interesting path to "shoe knowledge" in the advertising columns of The Times.

In fact you would be surprised to learn the amount of shoes one of the town merchants who carries a standard make sells during the year; sells them by reason of his persistent advertising of them, along with the other lines he carries.

A Quick Conversion

By F. A. MITCHEL

I selected the last two weeks in August for my vacation. I am what is called a new woman--that is, I have departed from the ways of those women who sit and hold their hands, waiting for some man to come and marry them.

Until that summer, when I went to the seacoast, I thought that I had no romance in my nature. I was extremely practical and had no sympathy with any one who was anything else than practical. I felt quite competent to make my own living and scorned to relinquish the work to any man.

Nevertheless in all our natures there is the germ of romance. I first discovered this germ in me on that visit to the seashore, and, having discovered it, it grew up like a mushroom.

One evening I went down to the beach to plan some school work, for I was a teacher, and walked over a narrow strip of sand to some rocks a couple of hundred feet from the shore. Arrived there, I found a convenient natural seat and began my planning.

The moon was full, and presently I saw a glimmer of light on the watery horizon. Then the bright upper edge of the moon showed itself, and lastly the round disk stood upon the ocean. It was at this moment that I became conscious of the germ of romance within me. I forgot my work and drank in the beautiful scene--the shimmer on the water, the glided wave crests. The starry heavens seemed to invite me to their infinite depths; the splash of the waves lulled me.

For a long while I sat enraptured by the beautiful scene. The sounds on the shore, a babel of voices, dance music in the hotels, an occasional burst of laughter, formed a pleasing background for the ocean, the moon, the heavens. Gradually the sounds became confused, the splash of waves sank into a rustle, and I fell into a slumber.

This birth of romance within me, the first romantic fervor I ever experienced, was followed by an awakening of another kind. Something cold struck my ankles, and, starting up, I saw a wave receding from my feet. All about me was the ocean. I looked toward the beach and saw that the strip of sand over which I had reached the rock had disappeared, and the water there, so far as I could see, was as deep as that before me.

This second awakening that I have spoken of was not from slumber; it was the coming of a sense of weakness. There must be an inherent feeling of dependence lying dormant in the breast of every woman however she scorns the stronger sex. At any rate, the first mental impulse that came to me on looking over those merciless waters was for some man to come and rescue me.

I could not swim a stroke. There was no boat, not even a stick of timber, near me. The sounds on the shore had ceased, the lights in the hotels were few. My voice was not strong enough to make myself heard, for I must have been a quarter of a mile from the houses lining the beach, and the waves, now stronger with the flood tide, would drown my voice.

Oh, how I longed for a man--a strong man, a brave man--to rescue me! I had spoken at women's gatherings, stating that there was no situation a woman might enter upon that she could not extricate herself without a man's help if she would only use her brains. What use was my brain in those watery surroundings? The few square yards of rock on which I stood would soon be covered. Next I would be washed off it by the force of the waves and at last a lingering agony, ended by death.

From one of the houses on the shore emerged a spark. It was a lighted cigar. I had always hated tobacco, but now I would give worlds if that cigar would bring the man who smoked it to save me. I called, but my voice did not reach him. He walked away; then turned and came slowly in my direction.

I took off my white petticoat and waved it as a signal of distress. He saw it and came running toward me. At the verge he stopped and looked about him, evidently for a boat. Seeing none, he threw off his coat and vest, for there was no time to waste. Then, divesting himself of his shoes, he walked toward me till the water was up to his chin; then began to swim. When he reached me I wound my arms about him so tightly that, strong as he was, he found difficulty in loosening them. Then putting an arm under one of mine he drew me into the water and swam with me to the shore.

This task was a difficult one, for so frightened was I that I kept clutching him and impeding his movements. At last, in order to save both of us from drowning, he struck me on the forehead with his clenched fist to stun me. He only partly succeeded in rendering me unconscious, but I was thankful for the blow, for it made me oblivious to the danger. I remained passive, and he succeeded in getting me to the beach.

As he dragged me from the water and was laying me on the sand I regained sufficient consciousness to wind my arms around him again. He is now my husband and I am glad to acknowledge my dependence on him.

What a Girl Can Do.

One of the authorities was asked whether a girl can love two men at the same time. Probably not. But she can give a sufficiently lifelike imitation of the passion to fool both of the men--Topeka Capital.

Medical Advertising Vest Pocket Remedy Quickly Ends Indigestion

Eat What You Please and Never Fear After-Distress.

Many poor dyspeptics say, "How I wish I could eat that, but I have tried and every time it nearly kills me." People get in a condition like this only because they are not taking proper care of their stomach.

There is a simple, harmless, inexpensive and most effective prescription, easily obtained at any drug store called Mi-o-na that will quickly stop such disturbance. These little vest pocket Mi-o-na Stomach Tablets were especially prepared to regulate out-of-order stomachs.

It's needless for you to suffer with indigestion, heartburn, biliousness, sour, gassy or upset stomach, for Mi-o-na will give prompt and lasting relief every time. The People's Drug Store sells Mi-o-na with the understanding that if it does not banish all stomach distress your money will be returned on request.

GETTYSBURG MARKETS

Prices at the Gettysburg warehouse corrected daily by C. Milton Wolf, Jr. Successor to J. Geo. Wolf's Sons Co.

Per Bu.
Wheat \$1.02
Ear Corn85
Rye70
Oats70

RETAIL PRICES

Per 100
Coarse Spring Bran \$1.35
Coarse spring Bran \$1.40
Corn and Oats Chops 1.60
Shomaker Stock Food 1.60
White Middlings 1.70
Cotton Seed Meal 1.70
Red Middlings \$1.60
Baled Straw65
Timothy Hay 1.00
Plaster \$7.50 per ton
Cement \$1.25 per bbl.

Per bbl.
Flour \$5.40
Western Flour \$8.00
Per Bu.
Wheat \$1.10
Ear Corn95
Shelled Corn95
Home Oats65
Western Oats70
Badger Dairy feed 1.30
New Oxford Dairy feed 1.35

THE WESTERN MARYLAND RAILWAY

Schedule Effective Sunday, June 20, 1915.

Daily, leave 5:50 a. m., for Baltimore, stopping at New Oxford and Hanover.

Daily except Sunday, leave 9:39 a. m., for York and intermediate stations.

Daily, 5:51 p. m., for Baltimore, York and intermediate stations. No connection for York on Sunday.

Daily, 10:58 a. m., for Hagerstown, and intermediate stations and the West.

Daily except Sunday 6:56 p. m., for Hagerstown and intermediate stations.

Daily, 11:22 p. m., for Hagerstown, Cumberland and Pittsburgh.

Political Advertising
For Associate Judge
S. GRAY BIGHAM
Biglerville.
Subject to the decision of the voters under the non-partisan act at the Primary election, Sept 21.

JULY CLEARANCE SALE

Everything reduced for quick sales. Men's and boy's suits and furnishings. Shirts, hats, caps and all other furnishings at cut prices.

Low Shoes Reduced

All of our low shoes for men, women and children are reduced materially. Every Oxford in the place, from the low priced children's shoes to the fine Ralston's for men at reduced prices. A large assortment from which to make your selection.

O. H. LESTZ, The Home of Good Clothing

Store Open Evenings
Cor. Square and Carlisle St. GETTYSBURG

Grand - Family - Excursion

---To Popular---

TOLCHESTER BEACH

SUNDAY, JULY 25.

BOATING, BATHING AND CRABBING.

A Glorious Time For All.

Special Train leaves Gettysburg 6:50 A. M. Arriving at Port Covington 9:45 A. M. Thence by Palatial Steamer to the Beach.

Returning leave Tolchester Beach 4:00 P. M. Port Covington 6:15 P. M.

ROUND TRIP \$1.25

WESTERN MARYLAND RAILWAY.

10%

REDUCTION IN PRICES

OF
MICHELIN
TIRES

Effective JULY 19th

One Quality Only--The Best

"AS USUAL"

Get Reduced Prices
From

Crescent Auto Co.



FUNKHOUSER'S

SPECIALS FOR JULY

100 Ladies' Waists

In Silk, Net and Chiffon, colors, Black, Navy, Brown, Gray and Copenhagen, at 79 cents each

These waists sold at \$2.25, \$2.75 up to \$4.50 and are a great bargain at this price. The sizes run from 36 to 44. As this is a clearing sale they cannot be returned or exchanged.

Also about 75 Ladies' Coat Suits

Colors, Black, Navy, Gray, Browns and Dark Mixtures, Also Light Tans and Grays.

They are last Spring and Fall styles and made of the best all-wool materials and the best of workmanship.

The prices are \$2.98, 3.48 and 3.98

The former prices were from \$13.50 up to \$27.50. They are great bargains at the prices, as the skirts, which are good, full size, are worth more than the price for the suit.

Sold Strictly for the Cash

ALWAYS
LEADING

FUNKHOUSER'S

"THE HOME OF
FINE CLOTHES"

STEAM VULCANIZING

TIRES and Tubes REPAIRED

Prices moderate Satisfaction guaranteed

At STONERS Repair Shop

42 W. High Street

United Phone 117X

FESTIVAL

---BY---

McKnightstown Reformed Congregation
SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 31ST.

Ice Cream and Chicken Soup.

ALL INVITED.

For Sale

Twenty acres of land
on South Washington
street.

John M. Warner

DR. M. T. DILL
DENTIST

RIGLERVILLE Pa.
Will be at York Springs
Wednesday of Each Week.
Bendersville Friday of Each Week